

WG5 summary

Direct CP violation

2 December 2016

Malcolm John – Tom Latham – Rukmani Mohanta

15 speakers

12 new results

97,000 air miles

180,000 calories of curry

γ/ϕ_3 from
 $B \rightarrow D^0 X$

Direct CPV in
 $H_b \rightarrow \text{charmless}$

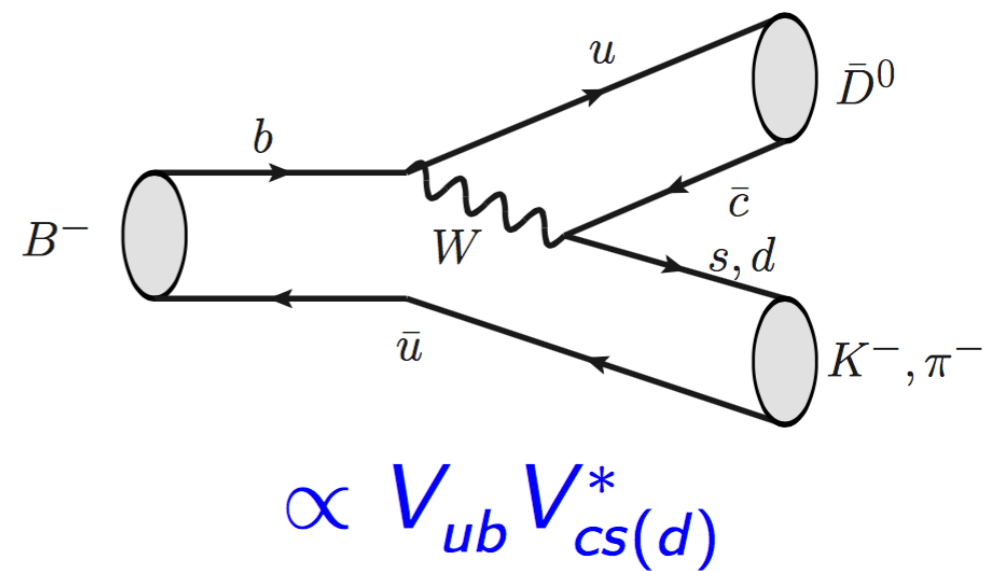
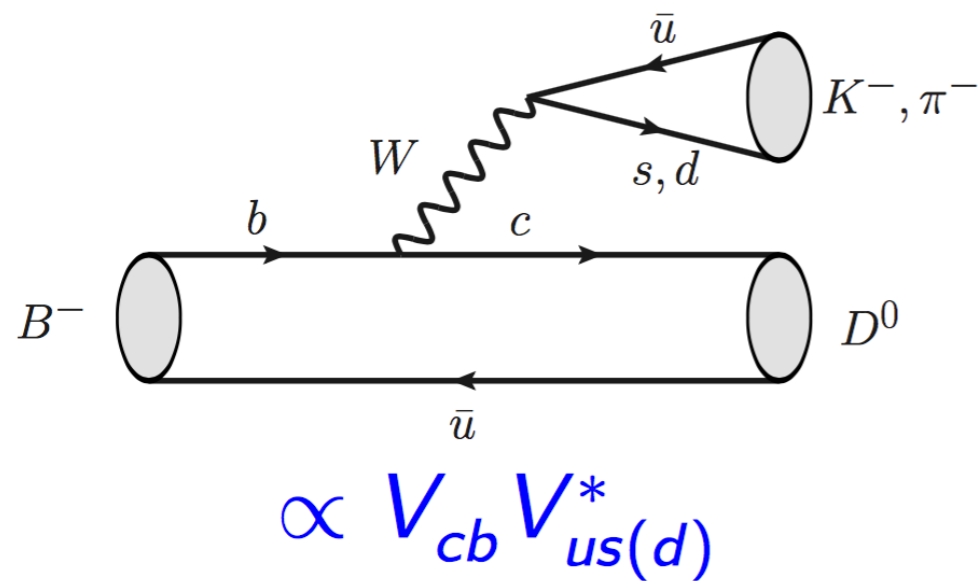
New modes
and searches
(no CP study)

Prospects
for 2020s

γ/ϕ_3 from
 $B \rightarrow D^0 X$

Including the development of new D decays

γ from tree decays



- $b \rightarrow c\bar{u}s(d), b \rightarrow u\bar{c}s(d)$
- no penguin contribution
- interference from common D^0, \bar{D}^0 final states

$$r_B^{Dh} e^{i(\delta_B - \gamma)} = \frac{A(B^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 h^-)}{A(B^- \rightarrow D^0 h^-)}$$

γ from tree decays

- CP eigenstates (e.g. $D \rightarrow K^+K^-, \pi^+\pi^-; K_S\pi^0$)

[Gronau, London 1990, Gronau, Wyler 1991]

- Flavor states (e.g. $D \rightarrow \pi^-K^+, \pi^+K^-$) [Atwood, Dunietz, Soni 1997]

- Many-body final states (e.g. $D \rightarrow K_S K^+ K^-, K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$)

[Giri, Grossman, Soffer, Zupan 2003; Poluektov 2004]

- Many variants:

- Use $D^* \rightarrow D\pi^0, D\gamma$ [Bondar, Gershon 2004]

- Many-body B final states

[Aleksan, Petersen, Soffer 2002; Gershon 2008; Gershon, Poluektov 2009]

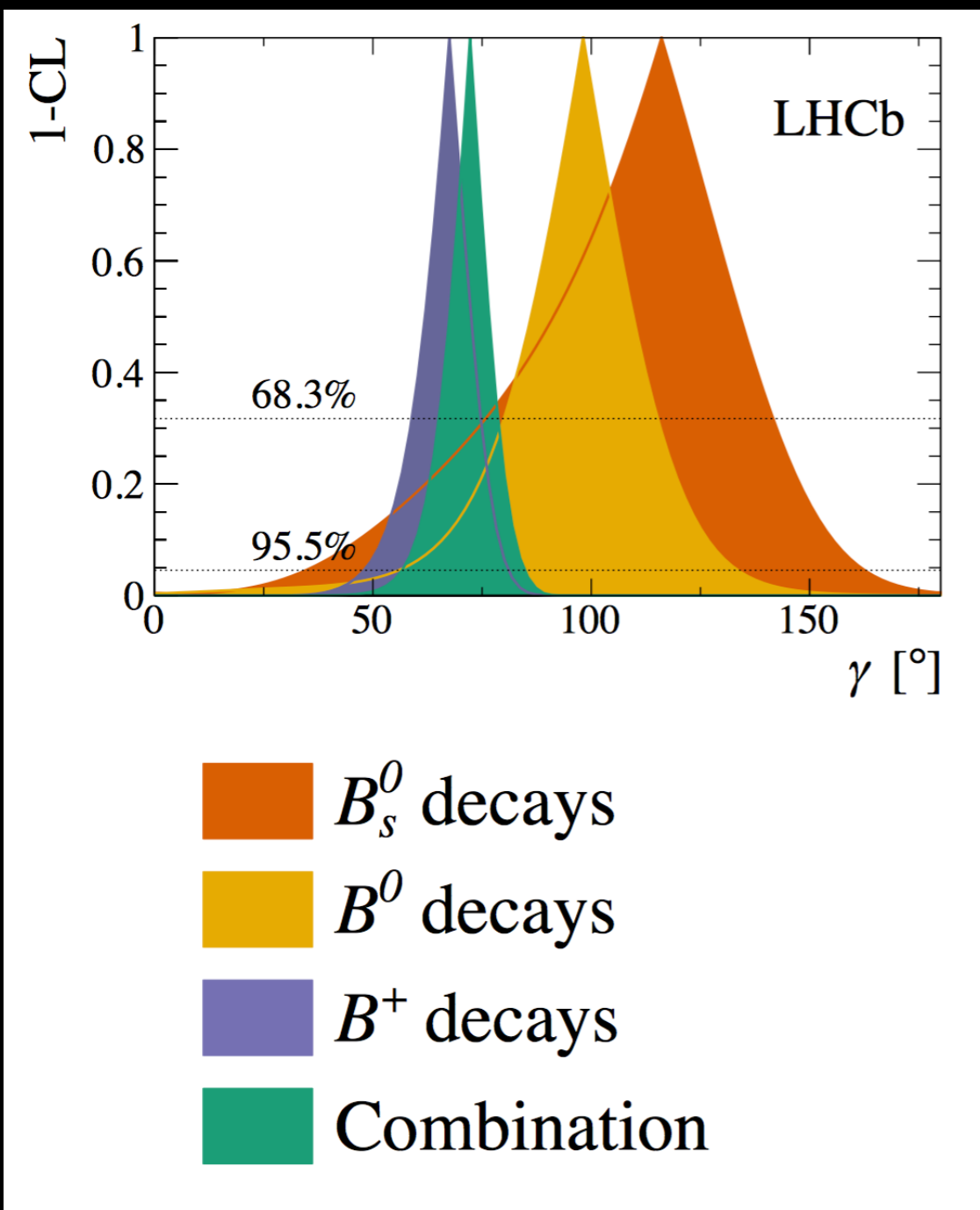
- Neutral B_d, B_s [Aleksan, Dunietz, Kayser 1992; Kayser, London 2000; Atwood, Soni 2003;

Fleischer 2003; Gronau et al. 2004]

- ...

- Have $\sim n_D n_B$ measurements, $\sim n_D + n_B$ unknowns

γ from 2011+2012 data



B decay	D decay	Method
$B^+ \rightarrow Dh^+$	$D \rightarrow h^+h^-$	GLW/ADS
$B^+ \rightarrow Dh^+$	$D \rightarrow h^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	GLW/ADS
$B^+ \rightarrow Dh^+$	$D \rightarrow h^+h^-\pi^0$	GLW/ADS
$B^+ \rightarrow DK^+$	$D \rightarrow K_s^0h^+h^-$	GGSZ
$B^+ \rightarrow DK^+$	$D \rightarrow K_s^0K^-\pi^+$	GLS
$B^+ \rightarrow Dh^+\pi^-\pi^+$	$D \rightarrow h^+h^-$	GLW/ADS
$B^0 \rightarrow DK^{*0}$	$D \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$	ADS
$B^0 \rightarrow DK^+\pi^-$	$D \rightarrow h^+h^-$	GLW-Dalitz
$B^0 \rightarrow DK^{*0}$	$D \rightarrow K_s^0\pi^+\pi^-$	GGSZ
$B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^\mp K^\pm$	$D_s^+ \rightarrow h^+h^-\pi^+$	TD

$$\gamma = (72.2^{+6.8}_{-7.3})^\circ$$

γ from tree decays

- γ from $B \rightarrow DK$ is theoretically extremely clean,
 - $\delta\gamma^{DK}/\gamma \lesssim \mathcal{O}(10^{-7})$
- γ from $B \rightarrow D\pi$ is most likely theoretically extremely clean,
 - $\delta\gamma^{D\pi}/\gamma \lesssim \mathcal{O}(10^{-4})$


- γ from $B \rightarrow DK$ has built-in test for NP in decay amplitude

[J. Zupan, talk at LHCb Implications 2012]


$$r_{B^+} \rightarrow |r_B e^{i(\delta_B + \gamma)} + r'_B e^{i(\delta'_B + \gamma)}|, \quad r_{B^-} \rightarrow |r_B e^{i(\delta_B - \gamma)} + r'_B e^{i(\delta'_B - \gamma)}|$$

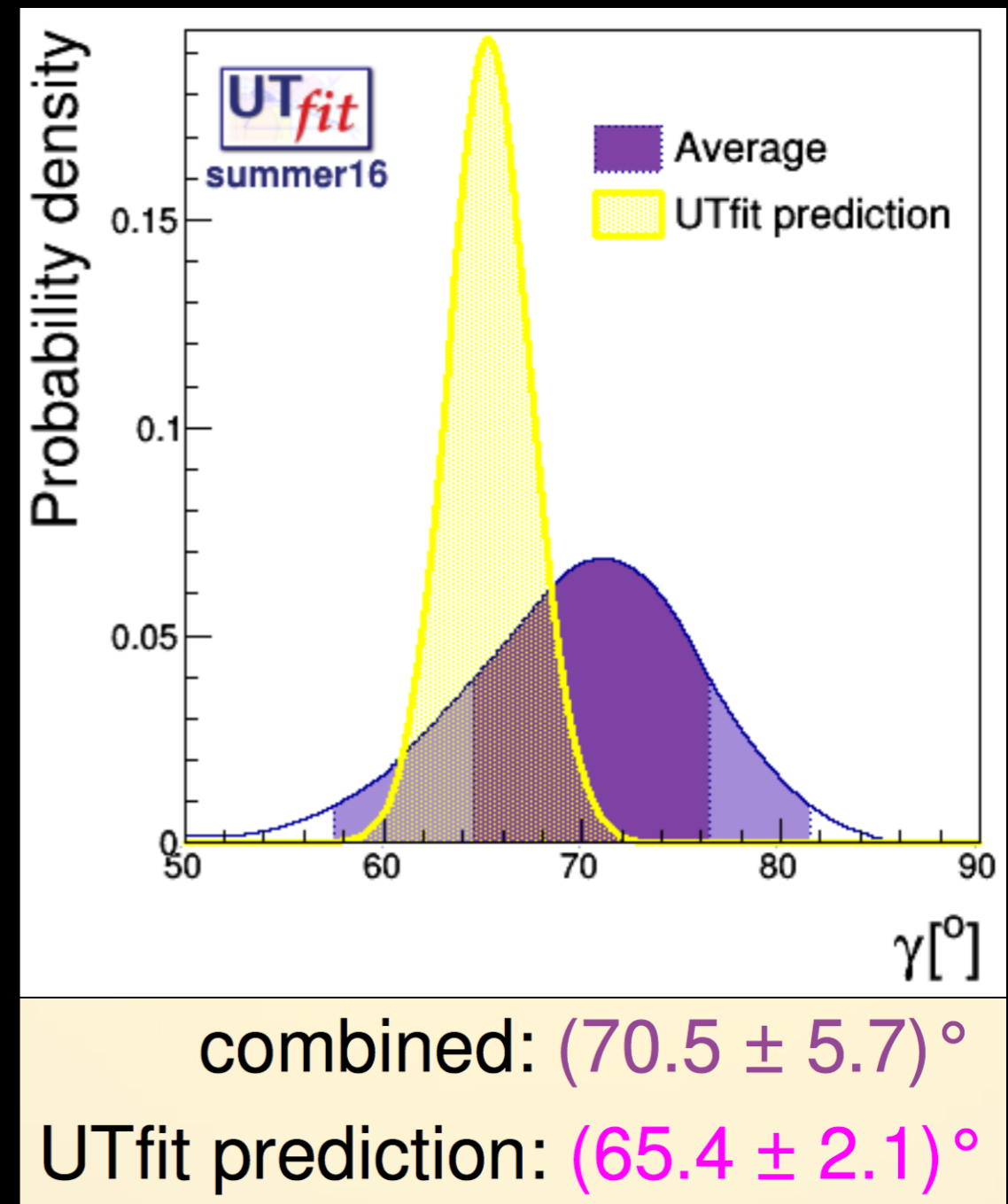
γ from 2011+2012 data

Observable	Central value	68.3% Interval
γ ($^\circ$)	72.2	[64.9, 79.0]
r_B^{DK}	0.1019	[0.0963, 0.1075]
δ_B^{DK} ($^\circ$)	142.6	[136.0, 148.3]
$r_B^{DK^{*0}}$	0.218	[0.171, 0.263]

 Frequentist

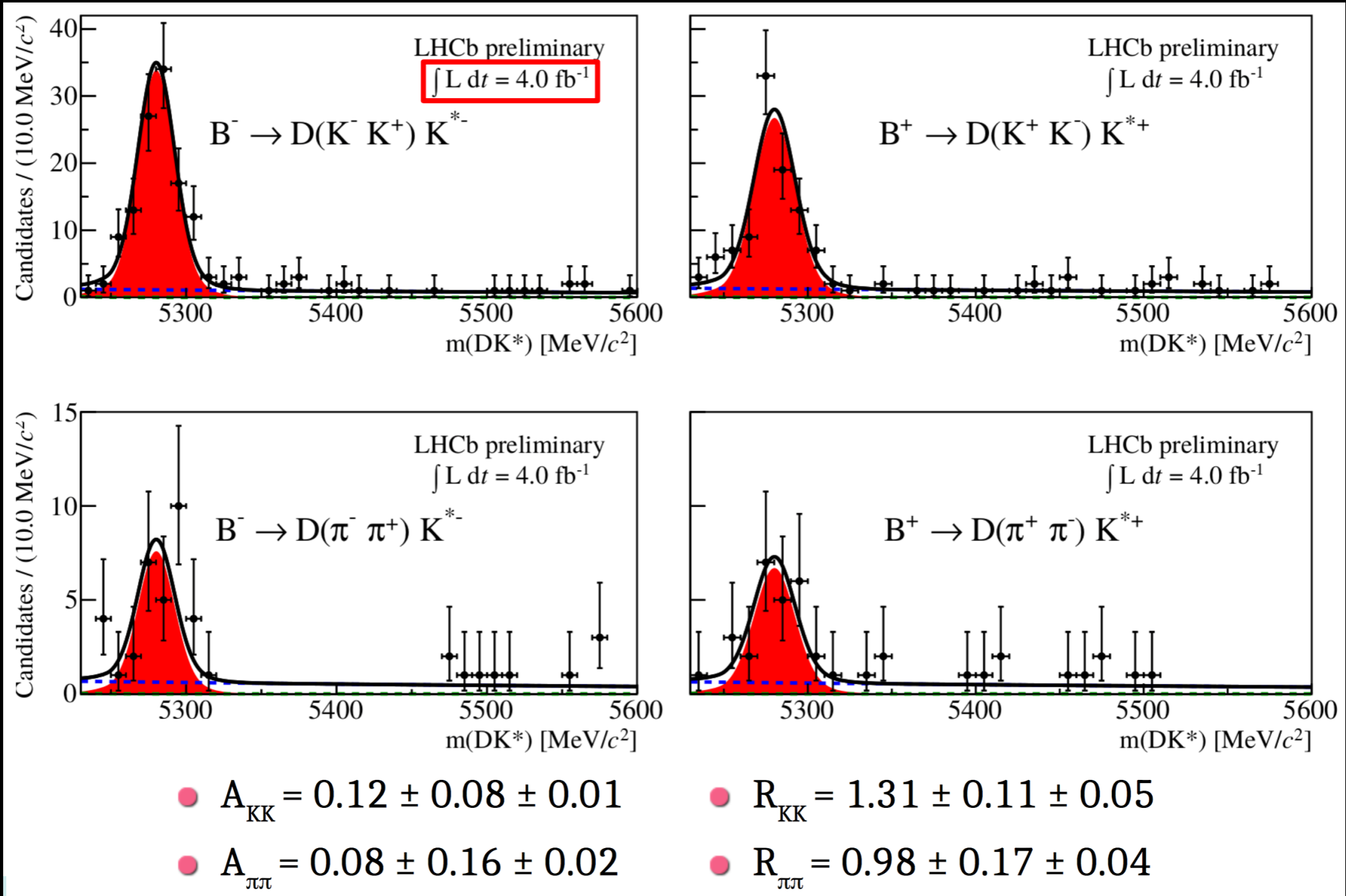
Observable	Central value	68.3% Interval
γ ($^\circ$)	70.3	[62.4, 77.4]
r_B^{DK}	0.1012	[0.0954, 0.1064]
δ_B^{DK} ($^\circ$)	142.2	[134.7, 148.1]
$r_B^{DK^{*0}}$	0.204	[0.149, 0.253]

 Bayesian

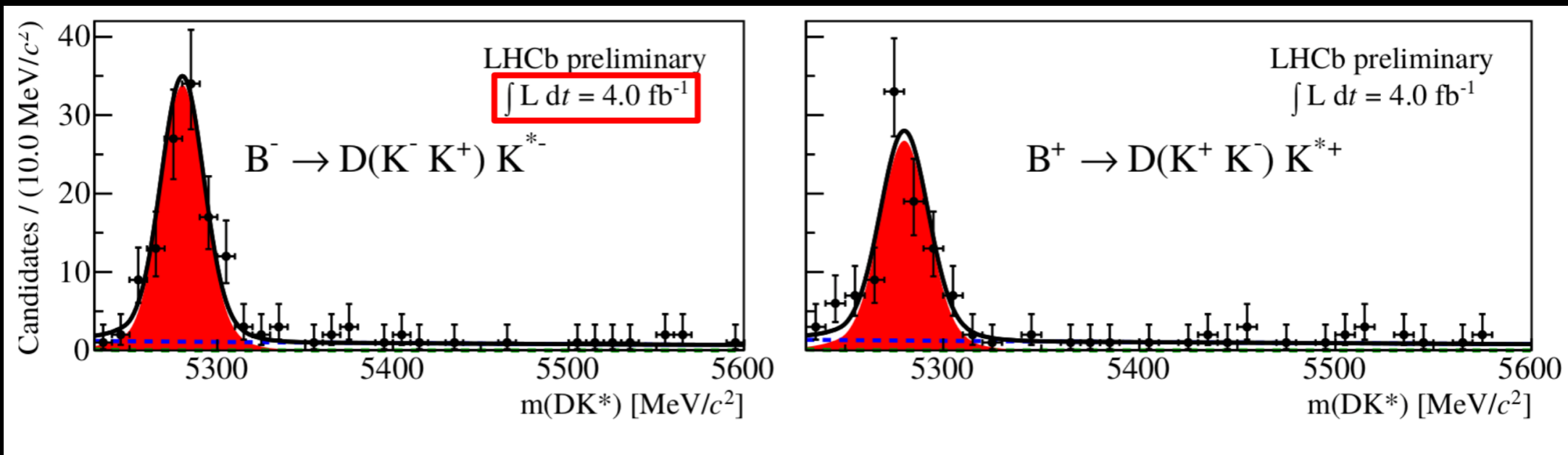


Marcella Bona

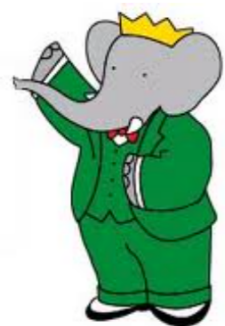
$B^- \rightarrow DK^{*-}$ ADS/GLW



$B^- \rightarrow DK^{*-}$ ADS/GLW



2009 Babar result



$$A_{CP+} = 0.09 \pm 0.13(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.06(\text{syst.})$$

$$\mathcal{R}_{CP+} = 2.17 \pm 0.35(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.09(\text{syst.})$$

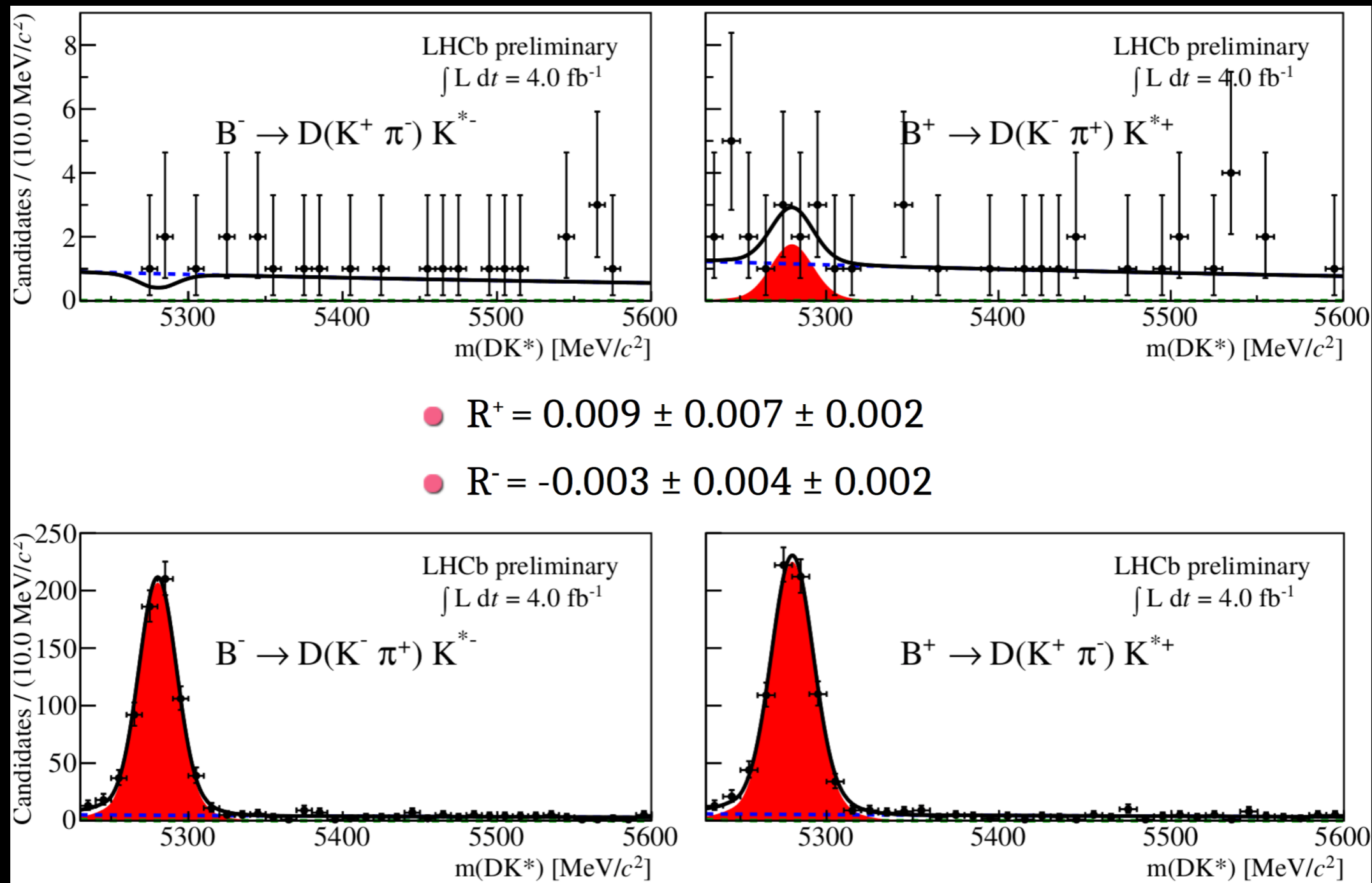
● $A_{KK} = 0.12 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.01$

● $R_{KK} = 1.31 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.05$

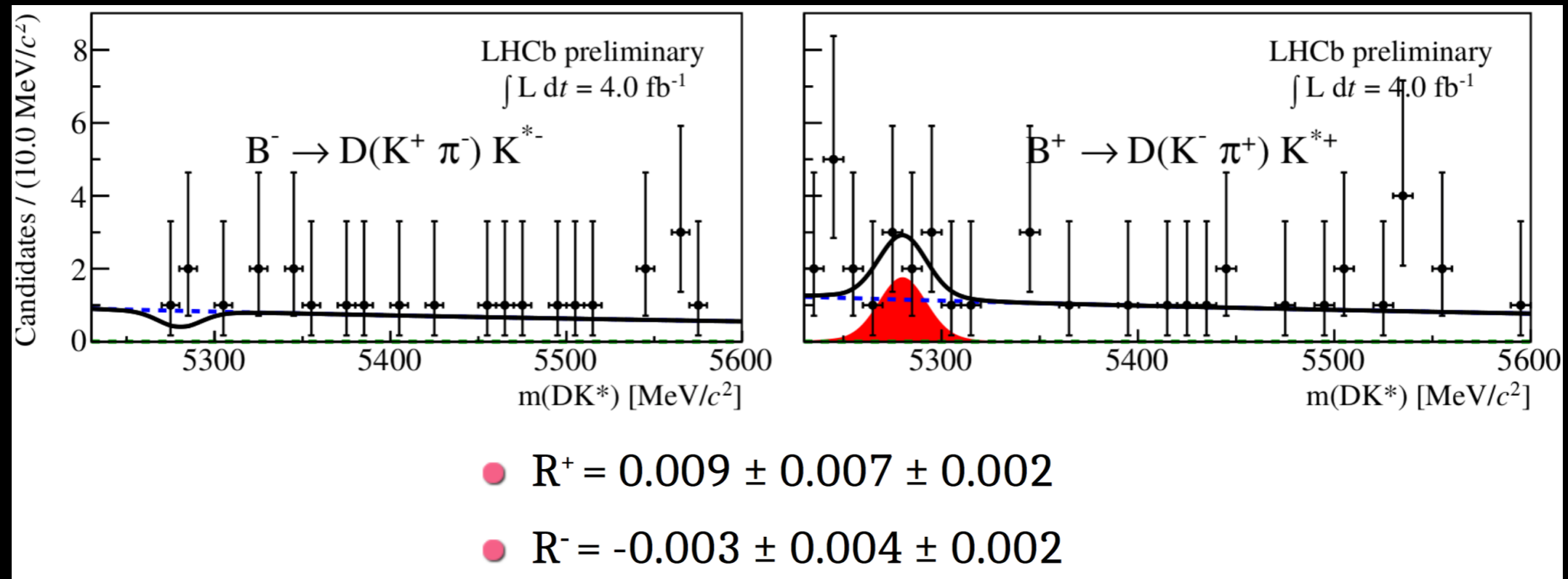
● $A_{\pi\pi} = 0.08 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.02$

● $R_{\pi\pi} = 0.98 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.04$

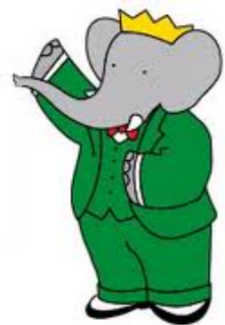
$B^- \rightarrow DK^{*-}$ ADS/GLW



$B^- \rightarrow DK^{*-}$ ADS/GLW



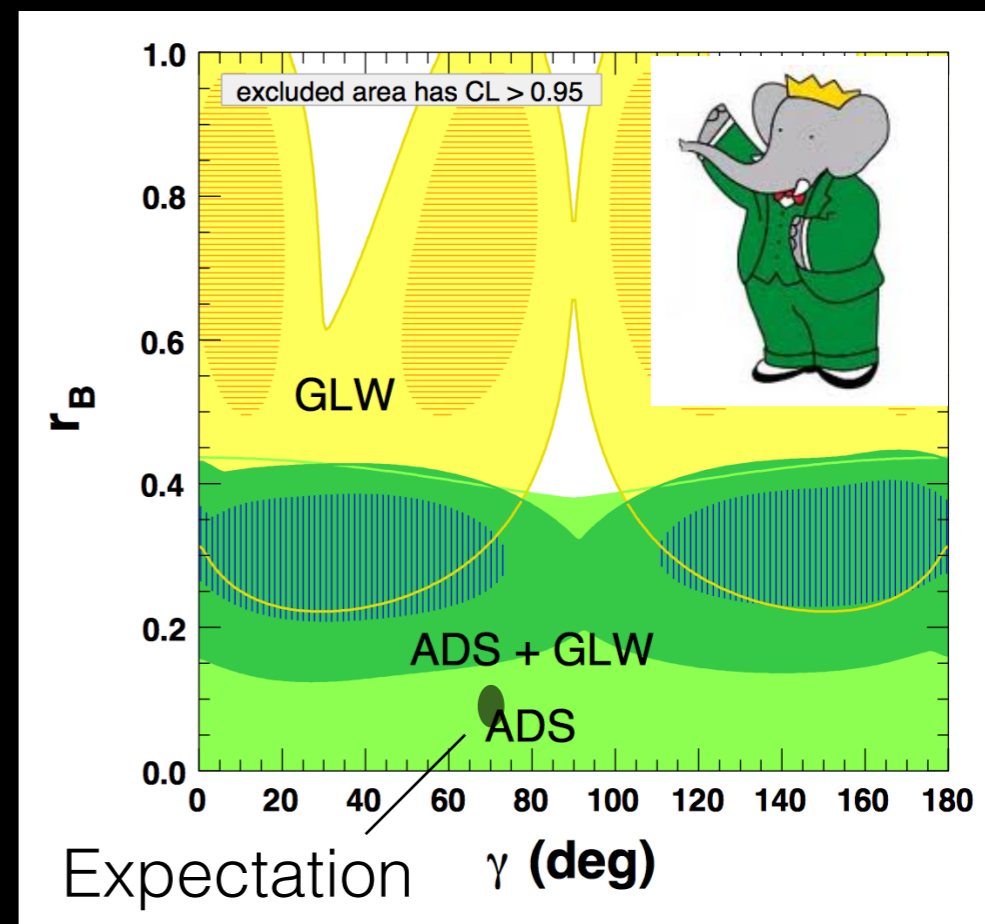
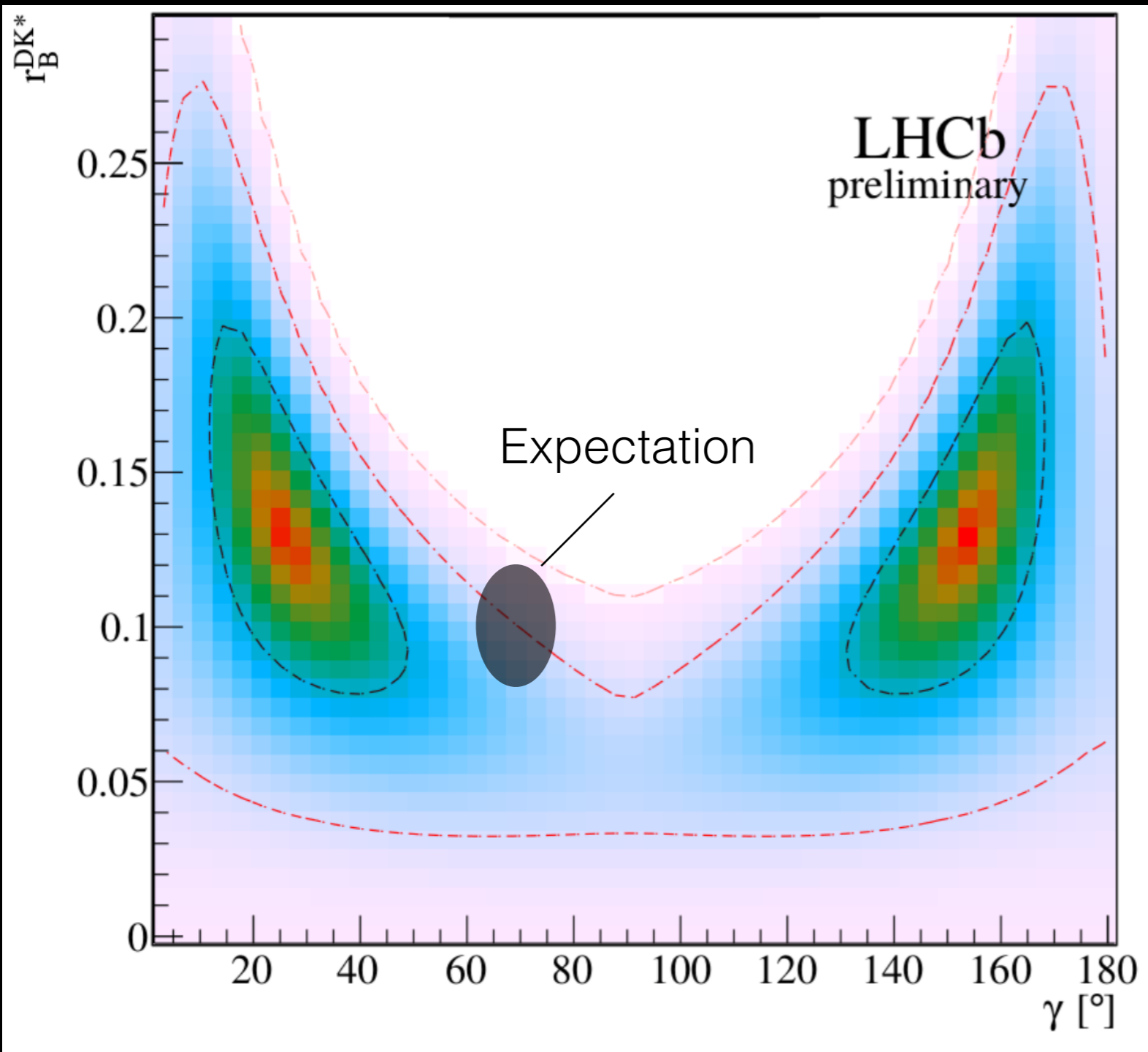
2009 Babar result



$$\mathcal{A}_{ADS} = -0.34 \pm 0.43(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.16(\text{syst.})$$

$$\mathcal{R}_{ADS} = 0.066 \pm 0.031(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.010(\text{syst.}).$$

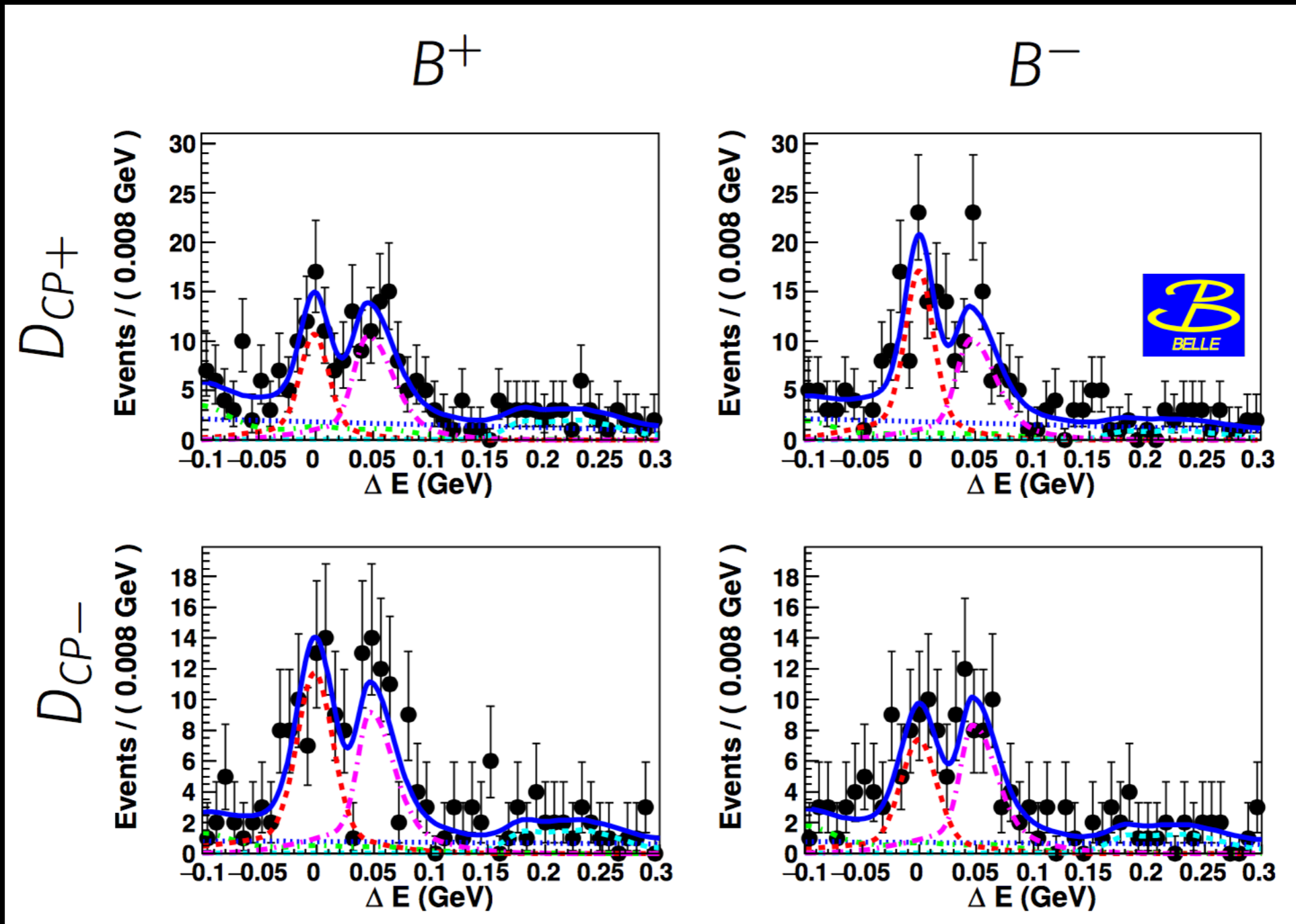
$B^- \rightarrow DK^{*-}$ ADS/GLW





Facts are facts and will not disappear on account of your likes.

$B^- \rightarrow [D^0 \gamma / \pi]^* K^-$ ADS/GLW

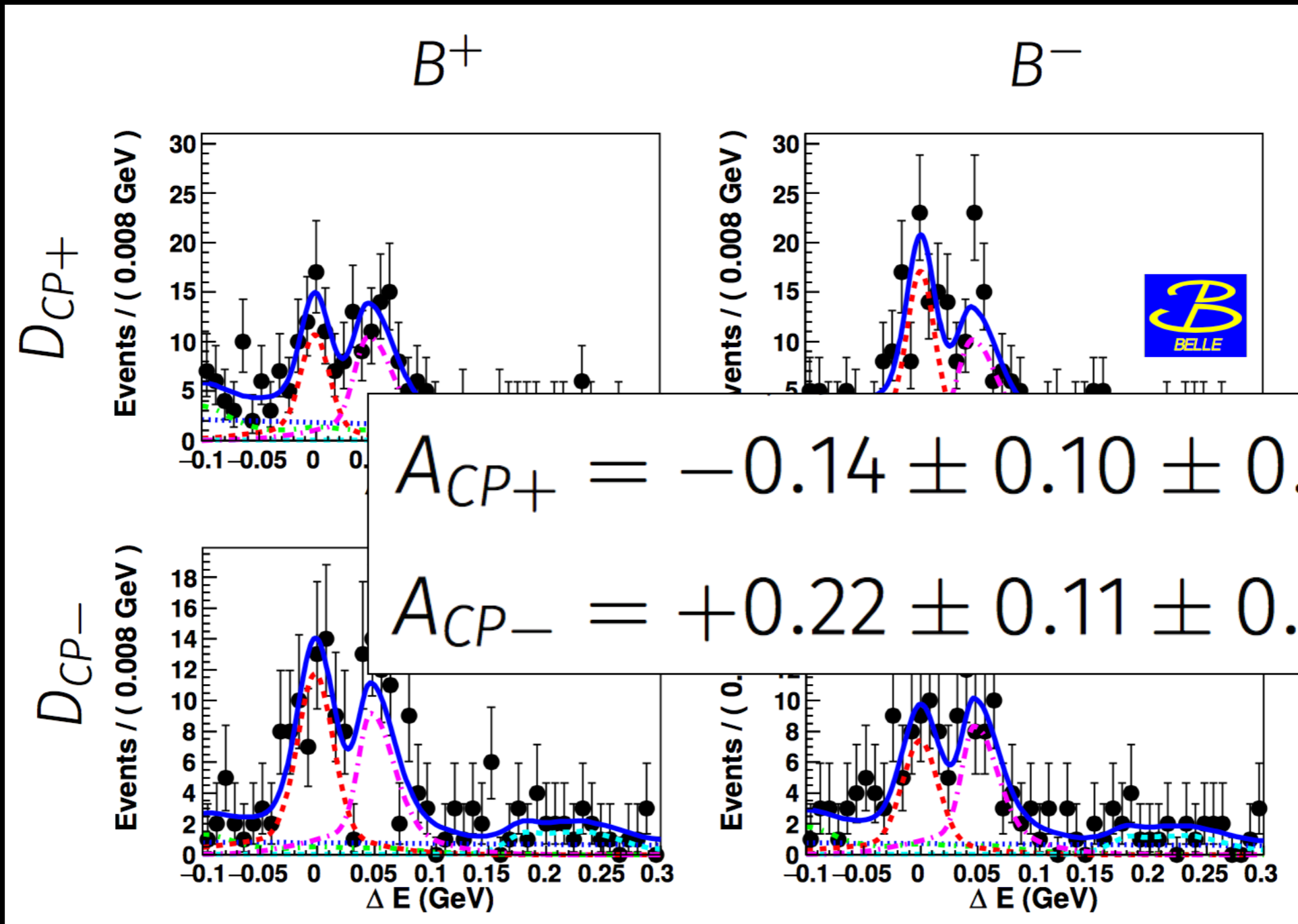


to be published soon

Daniel Červenkov



$B^- \rightarrow [D^0 \gamma/\pi]^* K^-$ ADS/GLW



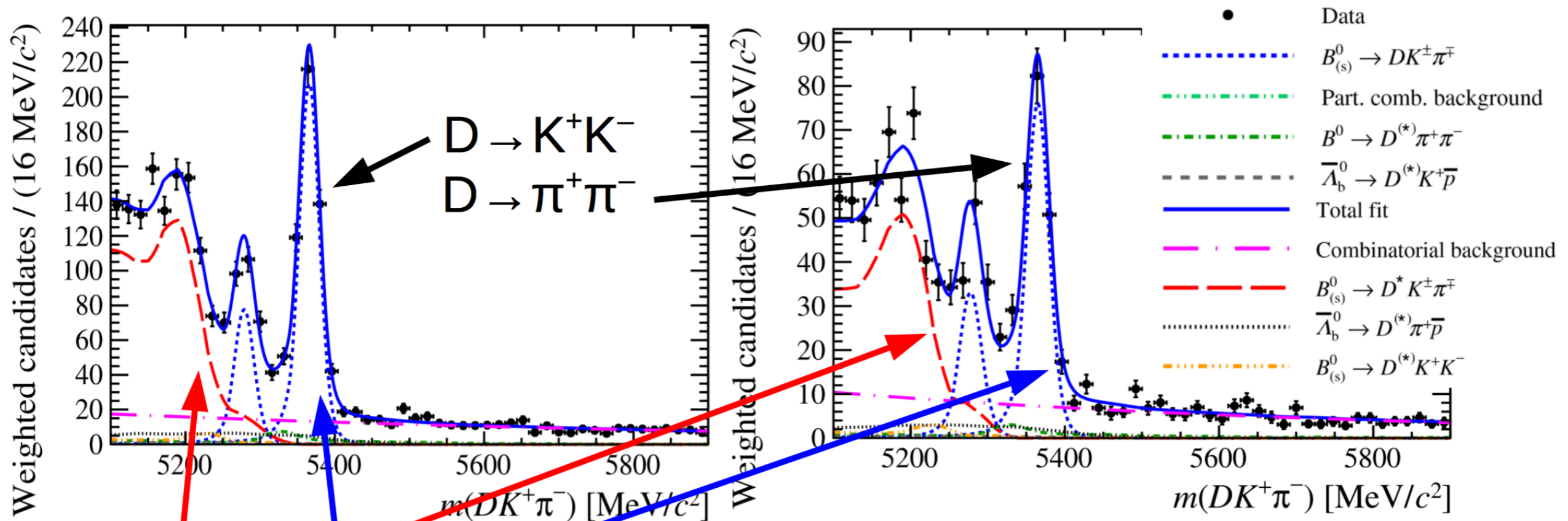
to be published

Daniel Červenkov



Dalitz analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow DK^+ \pi^-$

- Simultaneous DP fit to $D \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$, $K^+ K^-$, $\pi^+ \pi^-$

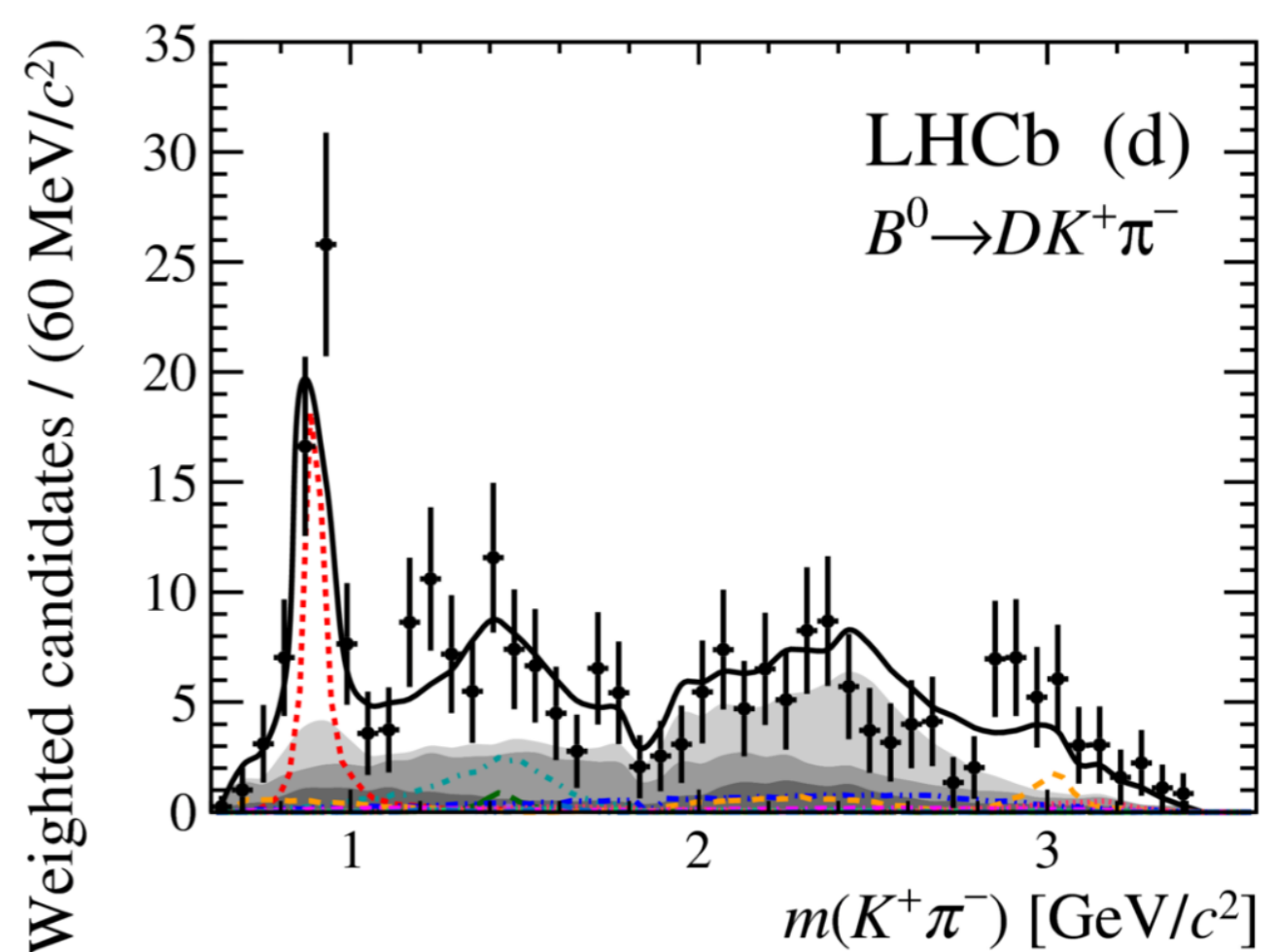
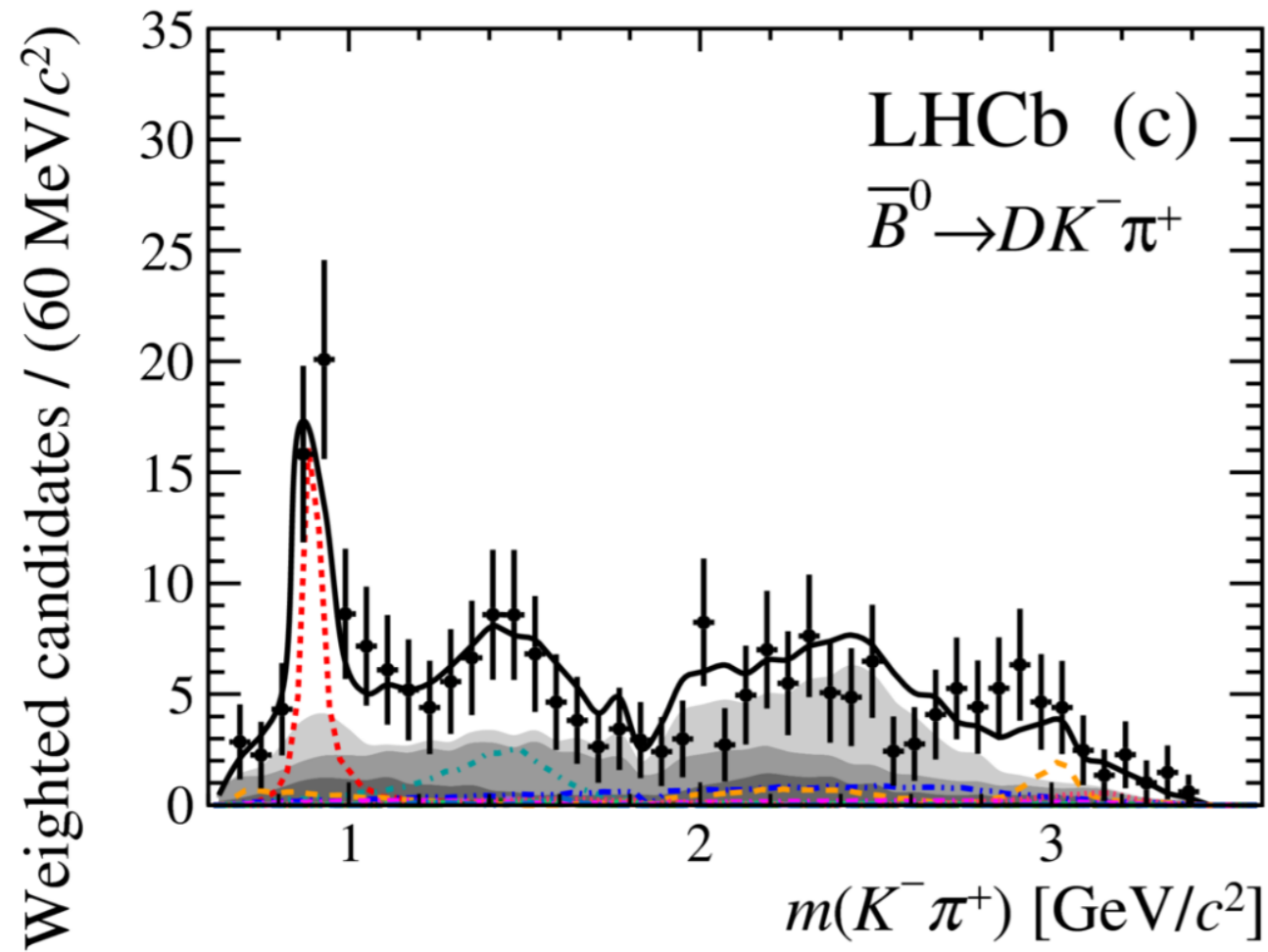


$B_s^0 \rightarrow D^* K \pi / DK \pi$
backgrounds

Using LHCb Run I data (3/fb)
 $339 \pm 22 / 168 \pm 19$ $K^+ K^- / \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays
 in B^0 signal region

PR D93 (2016) 112018

Dalitz analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow DK^+ \pi^-$



no clear asymmetry in $B^0 \rightarrow DK^*(892)0$
analysis to be revisited with new data

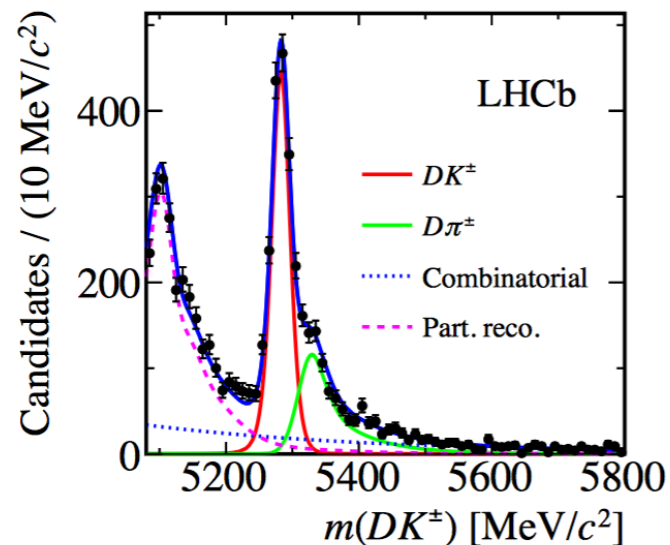
PR D93 (2016) 112018

Binned $B^- \rightarrow [\pi\pi\pi\pi]_D K^-$

- Similar numbers of $K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$ and 4π reconstructed at LHCb with 3.0 fb^{-1}

$$K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$$

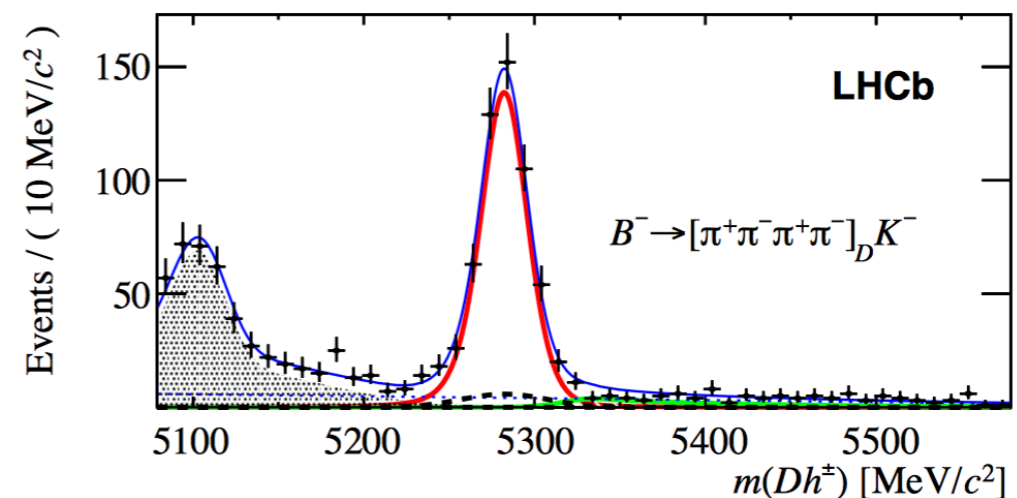
JHEP 10 (2014) 097
(<https://arxiv.org/abs/1408.2748>)



2257 ± 43

$$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$$

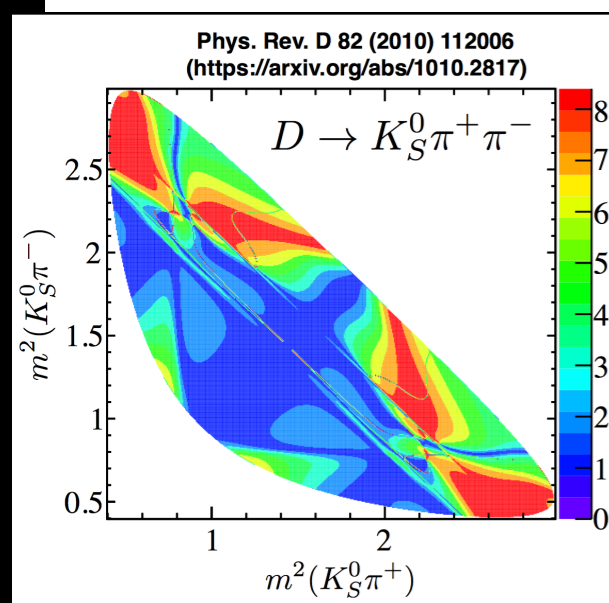
Phys. Let. B 760 (2016)117-131
(<https://arxiv.org/abs/1603.08993>)



1497 ± 60

would expect to obtain a similar sensitivity to γ

to be published



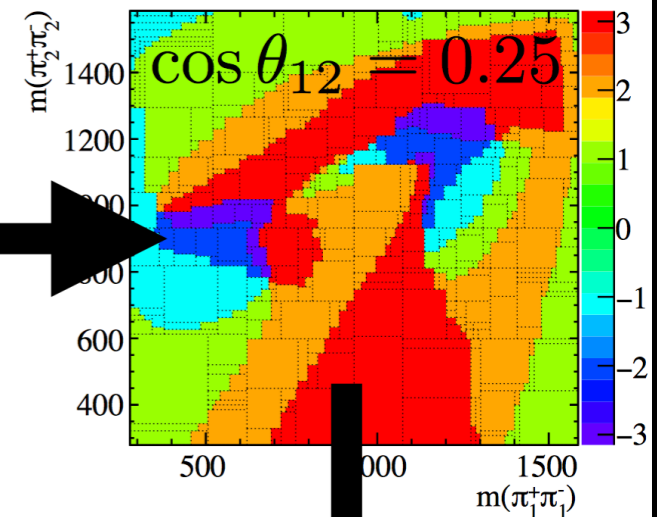
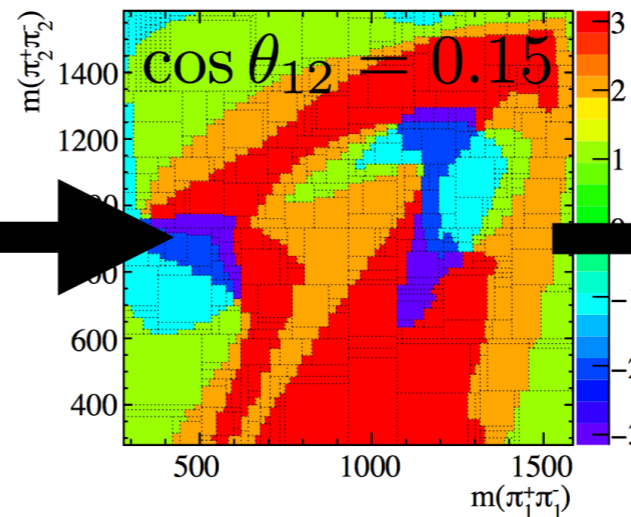
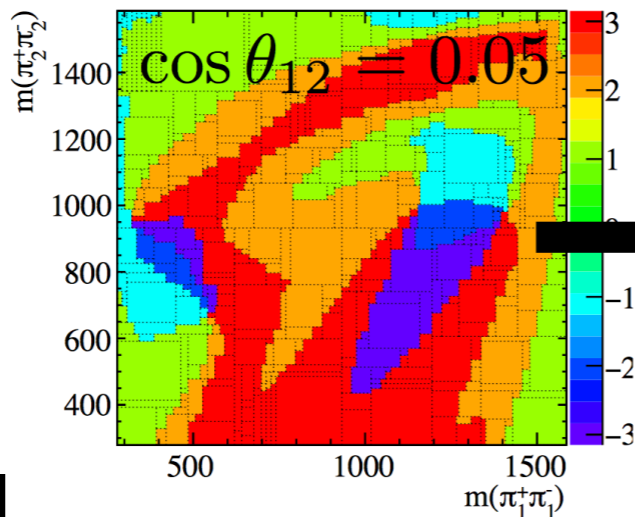
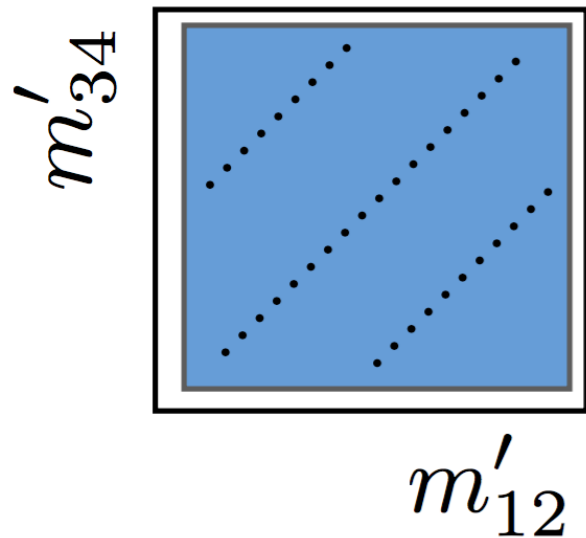
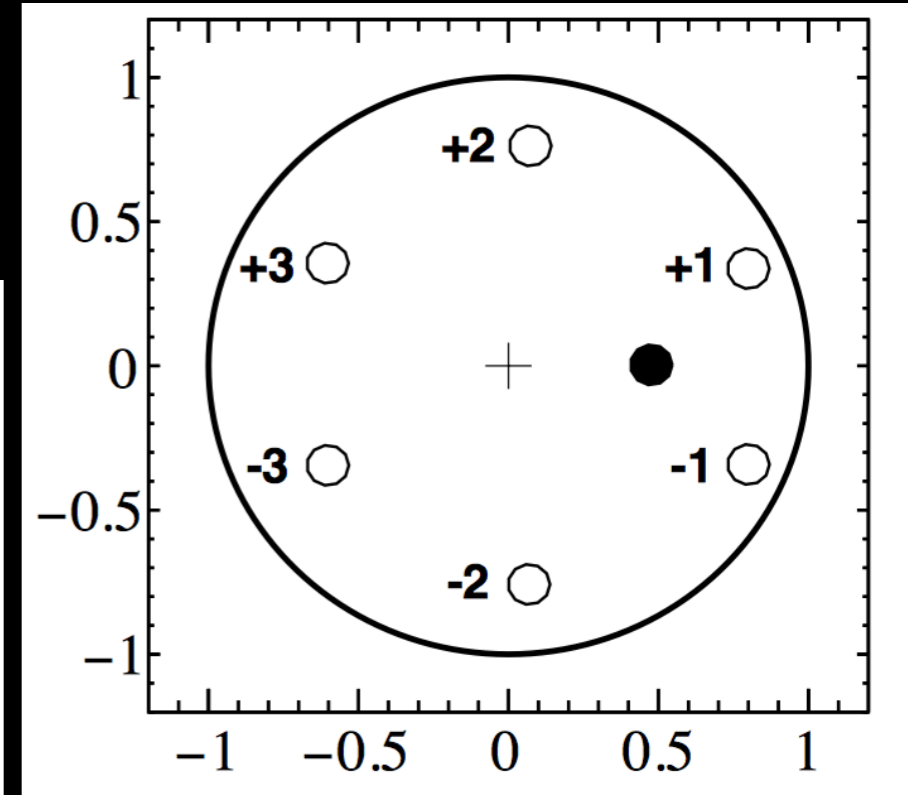
Sam Harnew

$D^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi\pi$

$$\mathbf{p} = (m'_{12}, m'_{34}, \cos \theta_{12}, \cos \theta_{34}, \phi)$$

Helicity angle
of the ij pair

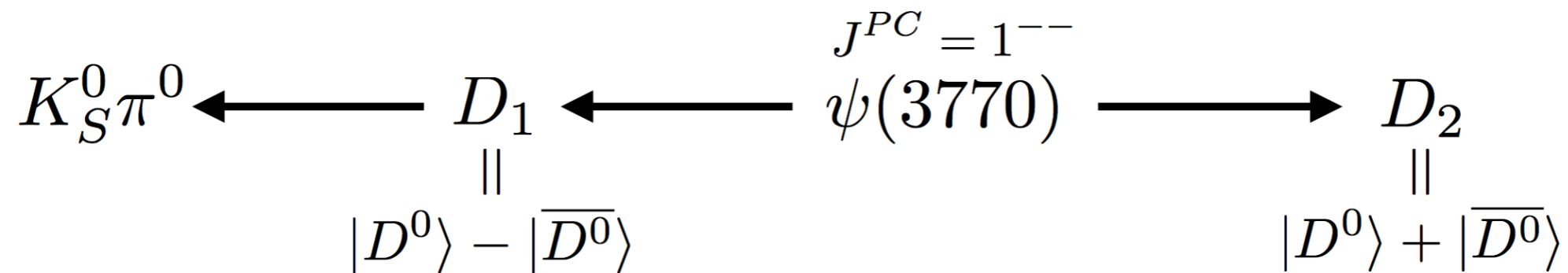
Angle between
the decay planes
of 12 and 34



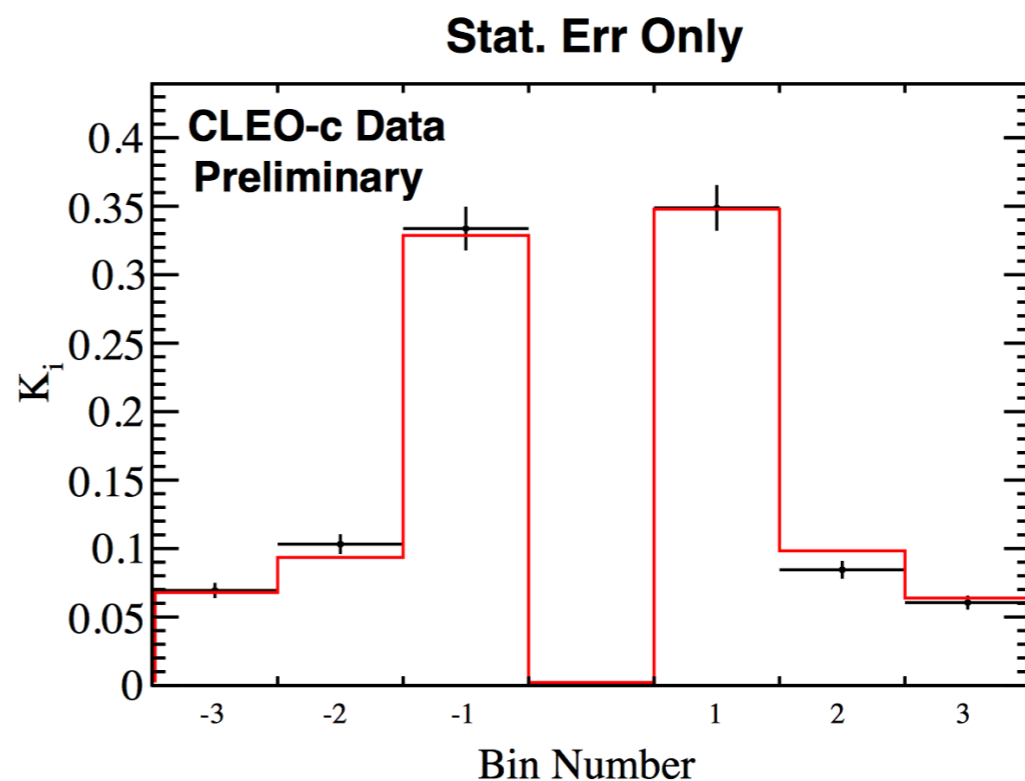
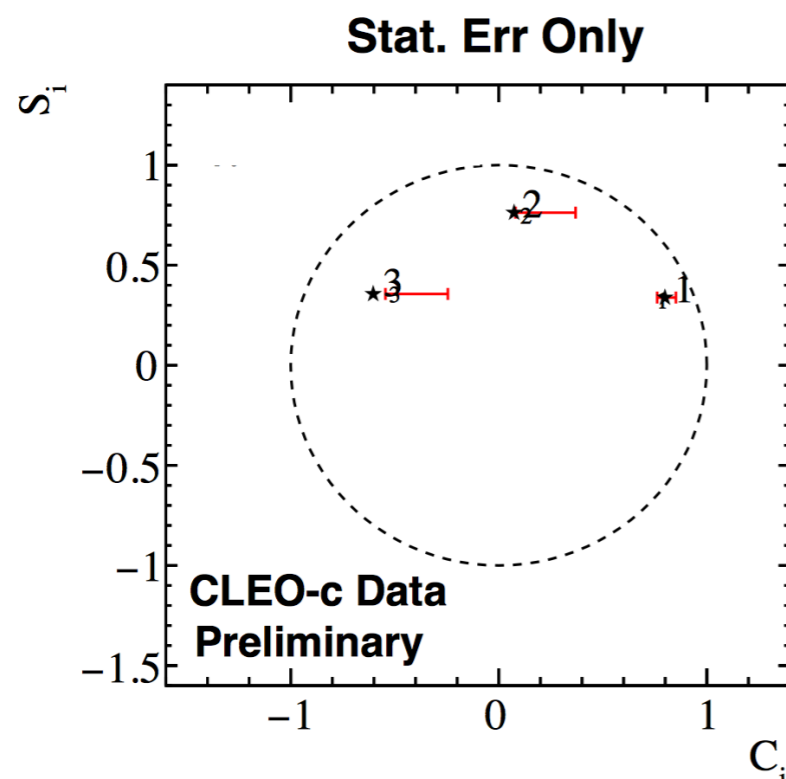
to be published

Sam Harnew

Quantum correlated data of CLEO-c



$$\left| \langle \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- | \mathcal{H} | D_2 \rangle \right|^2 \propto K_i + \bar{K}_i + 2c_i \sqrt{K_i \bar{K}_i}$$



to be published

Sam Harnew

$D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ with CLEO-c data

- The decay $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ has a relatively large branching fraction of 5.2% which is almost twice that of $K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$ [6].

Bin	c_i	s_i
1	-1.12 ± 0.12	0.12 ± 0.17
2	-0.29 ± 0.07	0.11 ± 0.13
3	-0.41 ± 0.09	-0.08 ± 0.18
4	-0.84 ± 0.12	-0.73 ± 0.34
5	-0.54 ± 0.13	0.65 ± 0.13
6	-0.22 ± 0.12	1.37 ± 0.22
7	-0.90 ± 0.16	-0.12 ± 0.40
8	-0.70 ± 0.14	-0.03 ± 0.44

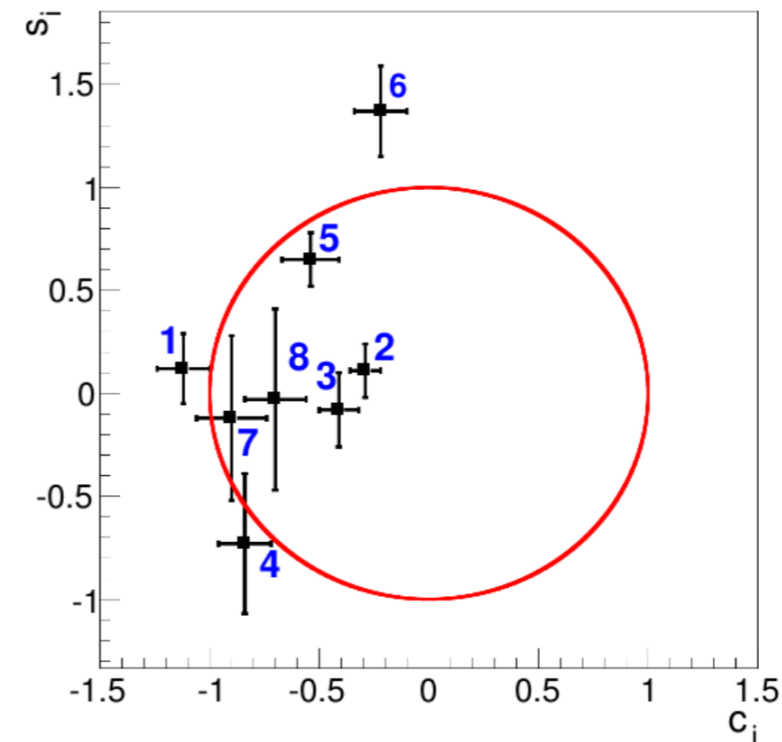


Figure : c_i and s_i values in each bin.

- The uncertainties shown are statistical only.
- $c_i < 0 \Rightarrow$ **CP oddness** of $K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$.

to be published

Resmi P.K.

Binned $B^- \rightarrow [K_S^0 \pi \pi \pi^0]_D K^-$ study for Belle II

- Assumed increase in BF compensated by loss of efficiency due to π^0 in final state.
- With 1200 events (Belle sample of $B^\pm \rightarrow D(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-) K^\pm$) $\sigma_{\phi_3} = 25^\circ$ - 1000 pseudo experiments using c_i , s_i , K_i and \bar{K}_i measurements reported.
- Project to a 50 ab^{-1} sample $\sigma_{\phi_3} = 3.5^\circ$.
- Compare to $B^\pm \rightarrow D(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-) K^\pm$ $\sigma_{\phi_3} \sim 2^\circ$.

to be published

Resmi P.K.

Direct CPV in
 $H_b \rightarrow \text{charmless}$

B-factory Dalitz plot analyses



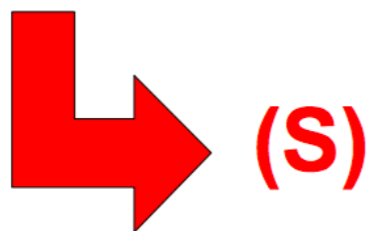
$K^+K^+K^-$	PR D85 (2012) 112010	PR D71 (2005) 092003
$K^+K^+K_S$	PR D85 (2012) 112010	PR D82 (2010) 073011
$K^+K_S K_S$	PR D85 (2012) 112010	No amplitude analysis
$K_S K_S K_S$	PR D85 (2012) 054023	No amplitude analysis
$K^+\pi^+\pi^-$	PR D78 (2008) 012004	PRL 96 (2006) 251803
$K_S \pi^+\pi^-$	PR D80 (2009) 112001	PR D79 (2009) 072004
$K^+\pi^-\pi^0$	PR D83 (2011) 112010	No amplitude analysis
$K_S \pi^+\pi^0$	arXiv:1501.00705	No amplitude analysis
$\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$	PR D79 (2009) 072006	No amplitude analysis
$\pi^+\pi^+\pi^0$	PR D88 (2013) 012003	PR D77 (2008) 072001

Phenomenology of $B \rightarrow K\pi\pi$ modes

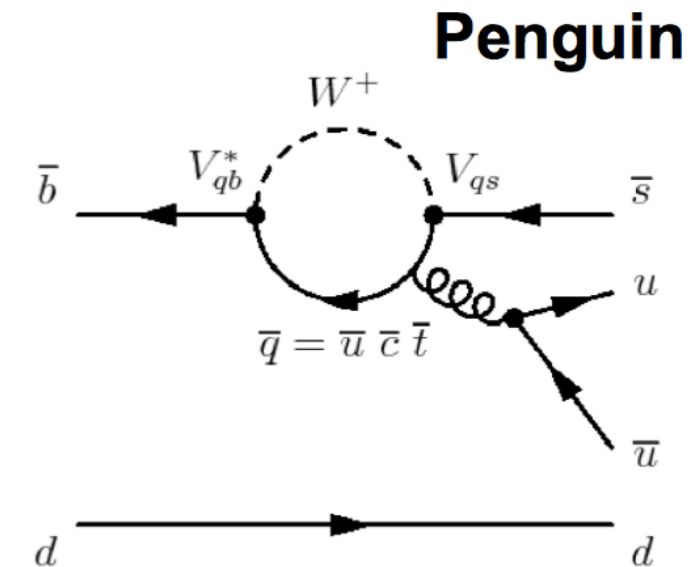
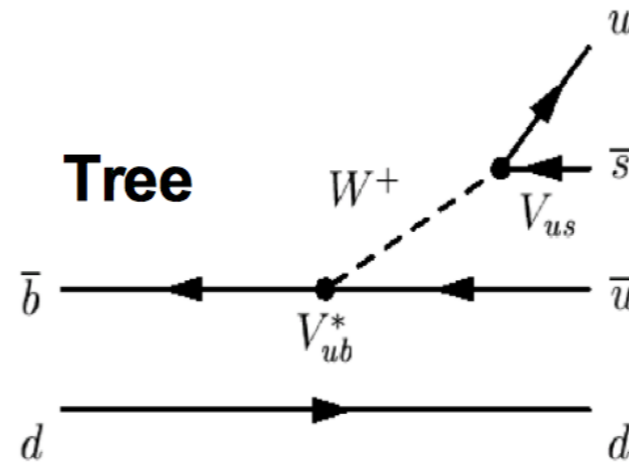
SU(2) Isospin relations:

$$A^{0+} + \sqrt{2}A^{+0} = \sqrt{2}A^{00} + A^{+-}$$

$$\bar{A}^{0+} + \sqrt{2}\bar{A}^{+0} = \sqrt{2}\bar{A}^{00} + \bar{A}^{+-}$$



$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*+} \pi^-$



$$\begin{aligned}
 A(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*+} \pi^-) &= V_{us} V_{ub}^* T^{+-} & + & & V_{ts} V_{tb}^* P^{+-} \\
 A(B^+ \rightarrow K^{*0} \pi^+) &= V_{us} V_{ub}^* N^{0+} & + & & V_{ts} V_{tb}^* (-P^{+-} + P_{EW}^C) \\
 \sqrt{2}A(B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \pi^0) &= V_{us} V_{ub}^* (T^{+-} + T_C^{00} - N^{0+}) & + & & V_{ts} V_{tb}^* (P^{+-} - P_{EW}^C + P_{EW}) \\
 \sqrt{2}A(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \pi^0) &= V_{us} V_{ub}^* T_C^{00} & + & & V_{ts} V_{tb}^* (-P^{+-} + P_{EW})
 \end{aligned}$$

Take CKM from global fit and constrain hadronic parameters

in preparation

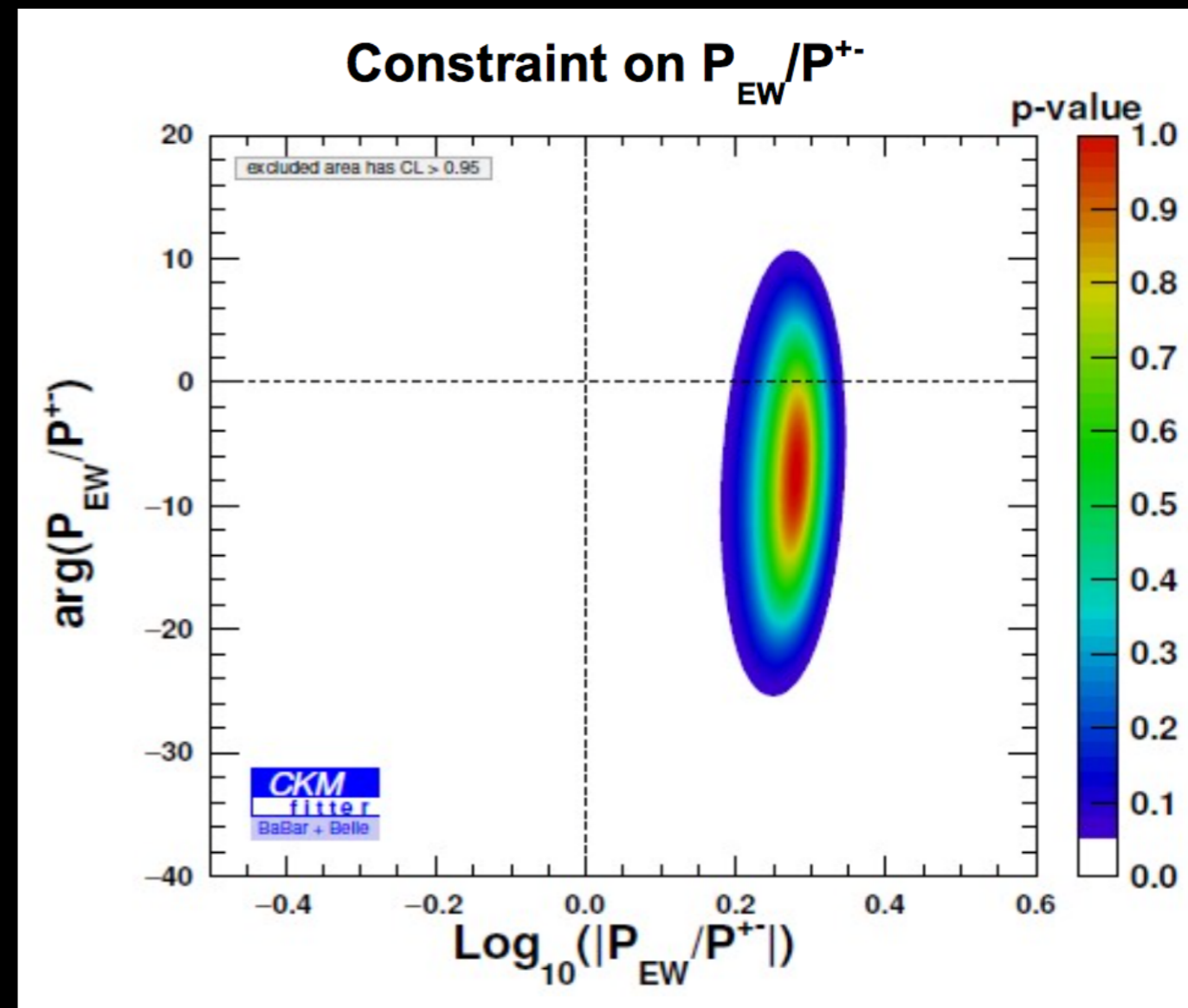
Alejandro Pérez Pérez



Current data favours
a relatively high P_{EW}

$B^0 \rightarrow K \pi \pi^0$ analysis
performed only by
BABAR

Independent confirmation needed to claim non-zero
(and large!) P_{EW} value

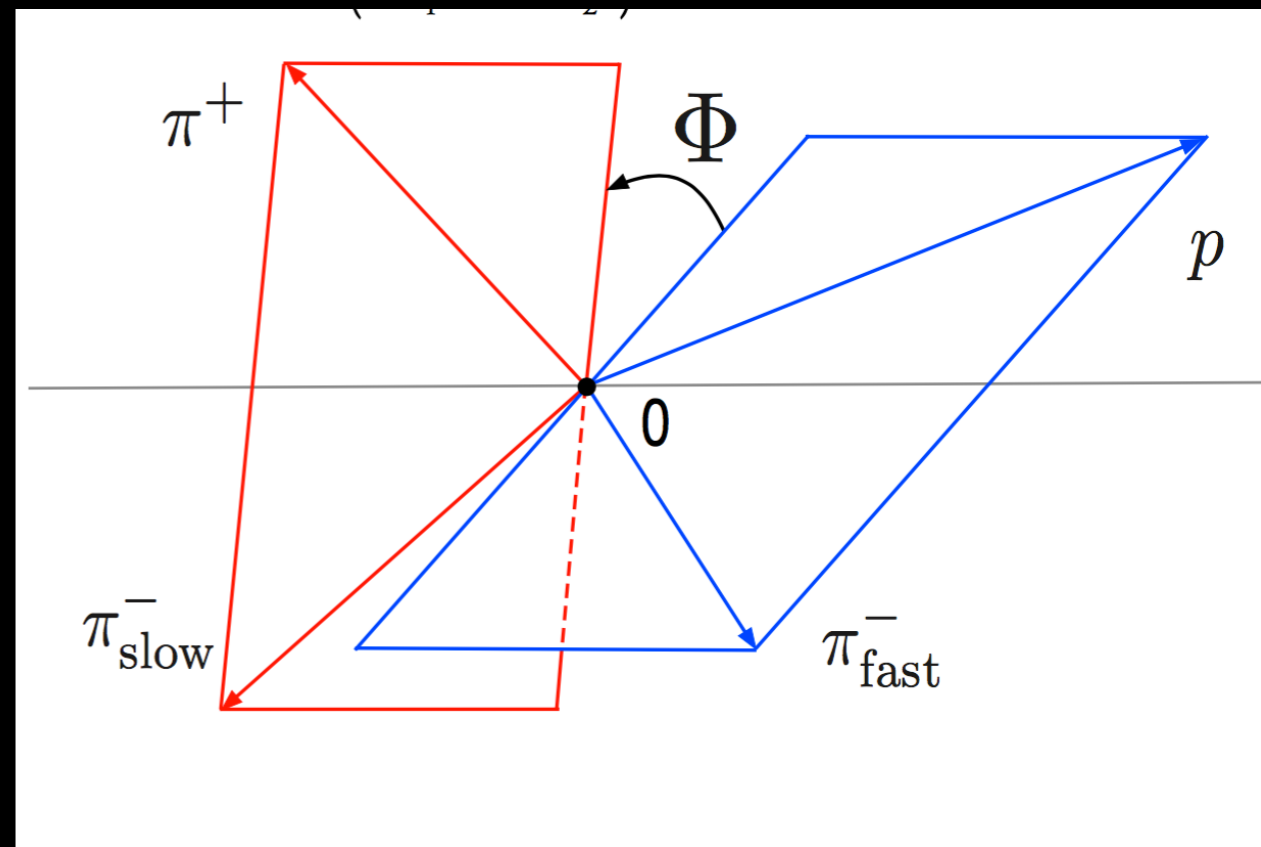
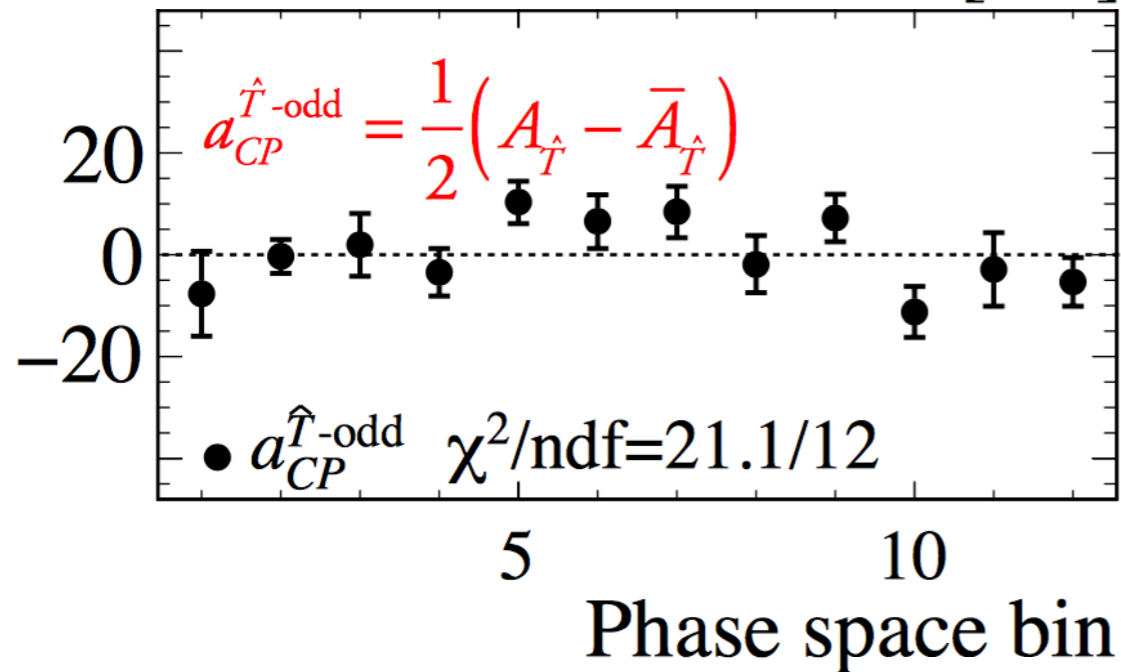
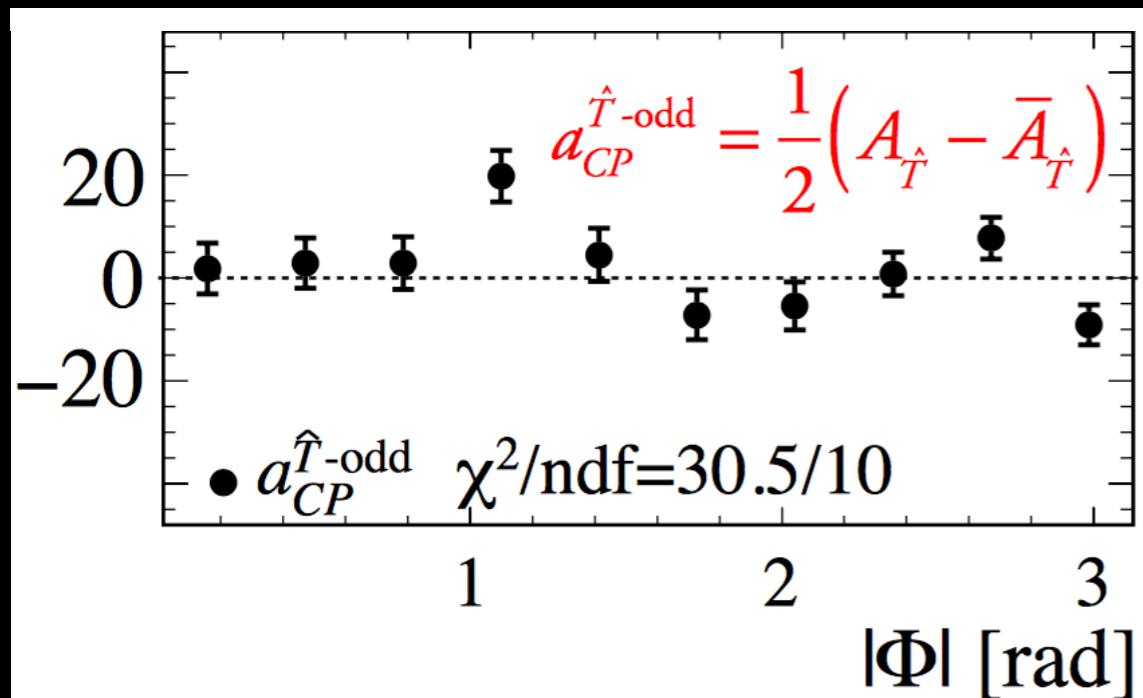
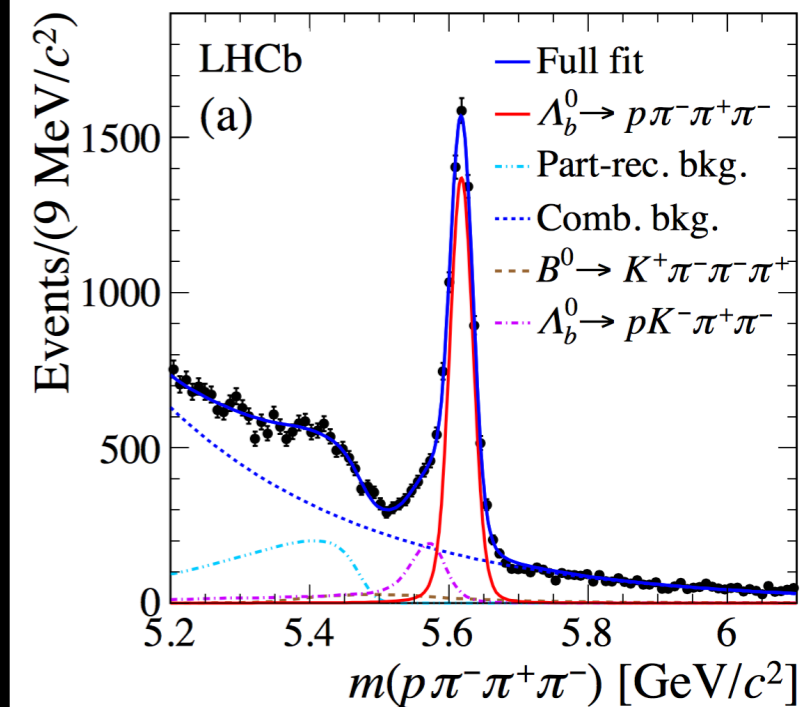


in preparation

Alejandro Pérez Pérez

CPV in $\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi\pi\pi$

$$N_{sig}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-) = 6646 \pm 105$$



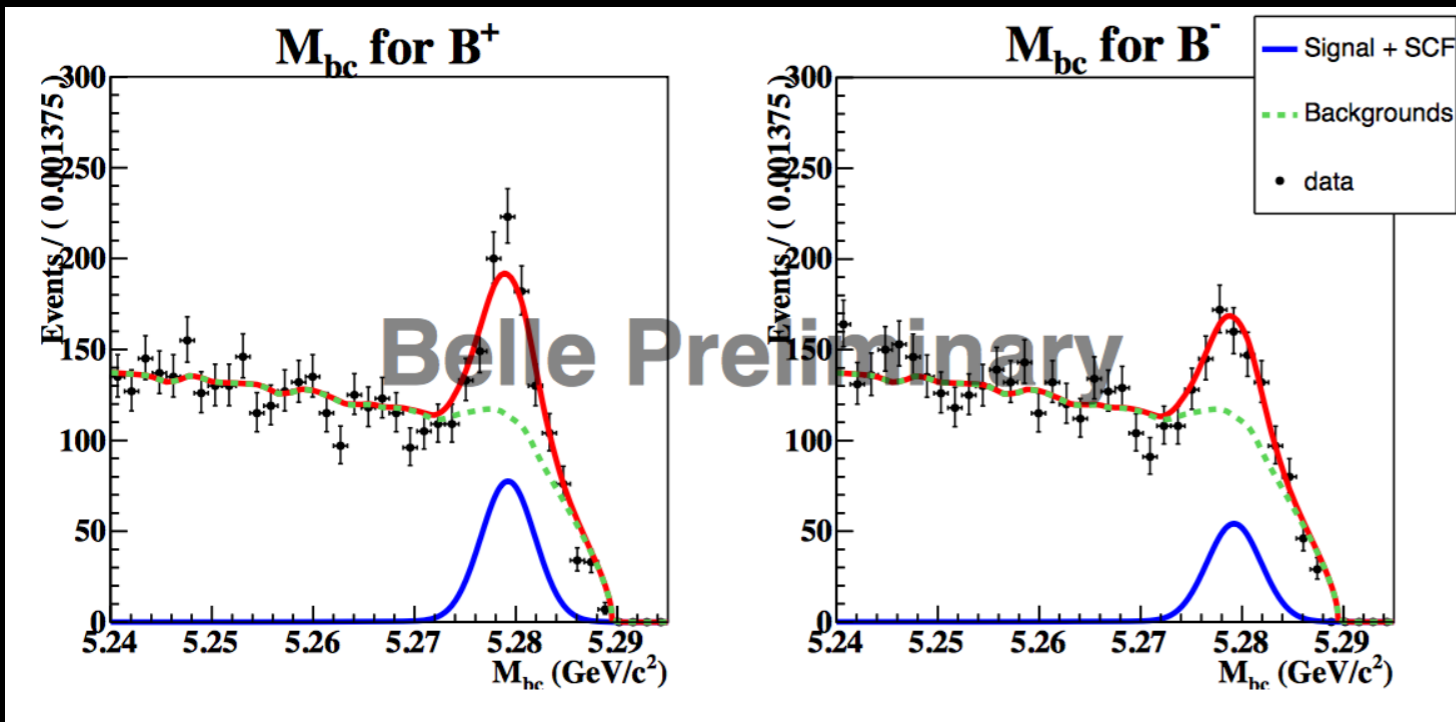
3.3 σ CPV effect



Andrea Merli

arXiv: 1609.05216

CP violation in $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$

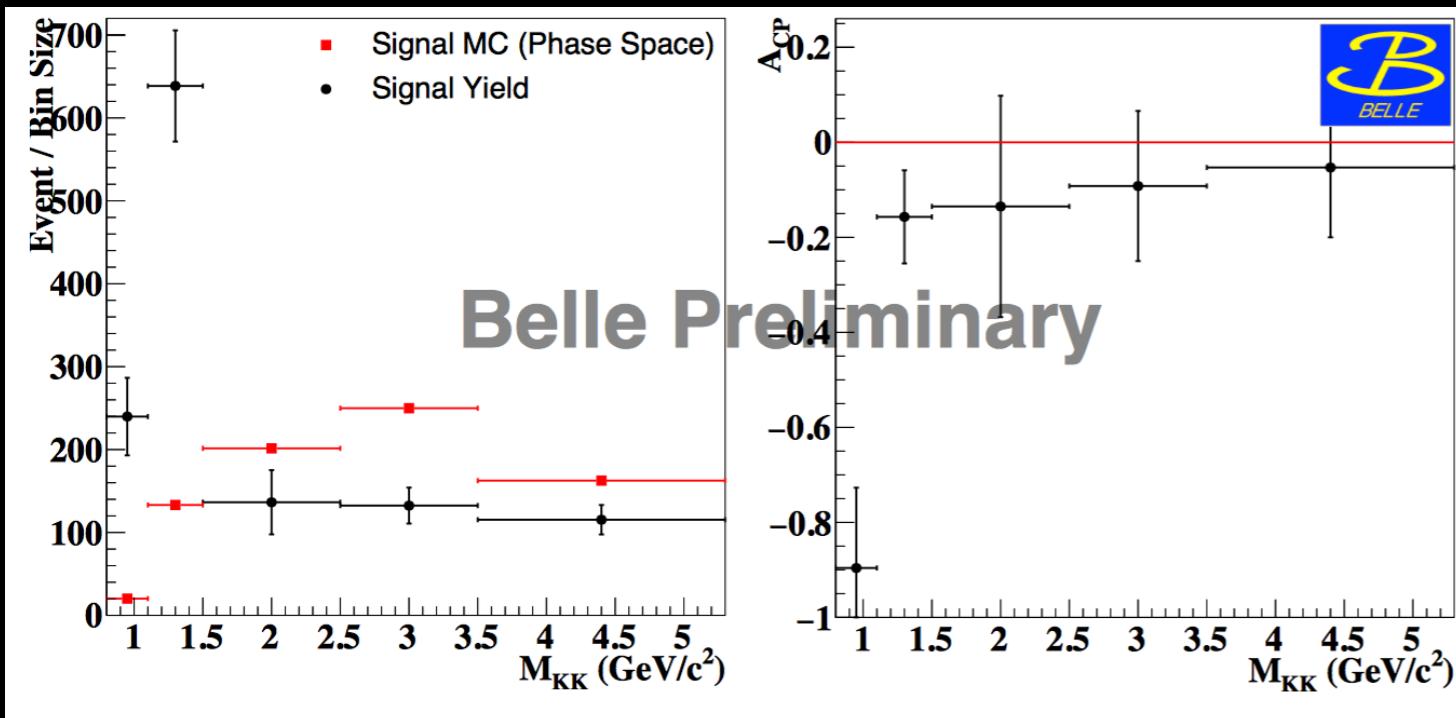


$$\mathcal{B}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm) = (5.68 \pm 0.38 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-6}$$

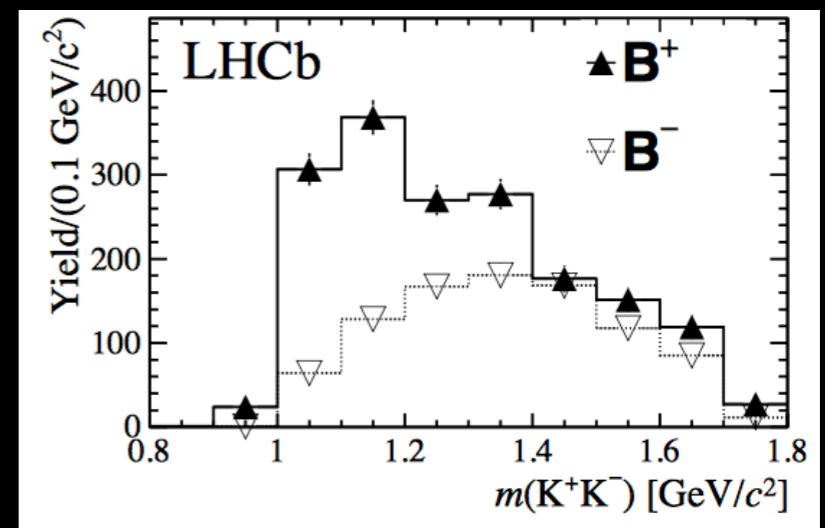
$$\mathcal{A}_{CP} = -0.177 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.006$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{CP} \text{ in } M_{KK} < 1.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{CP} = -0.896 \pm 0.166 \pm 0.030$$



Confirms LHCb result



to be published



Chia-Ling Hsu

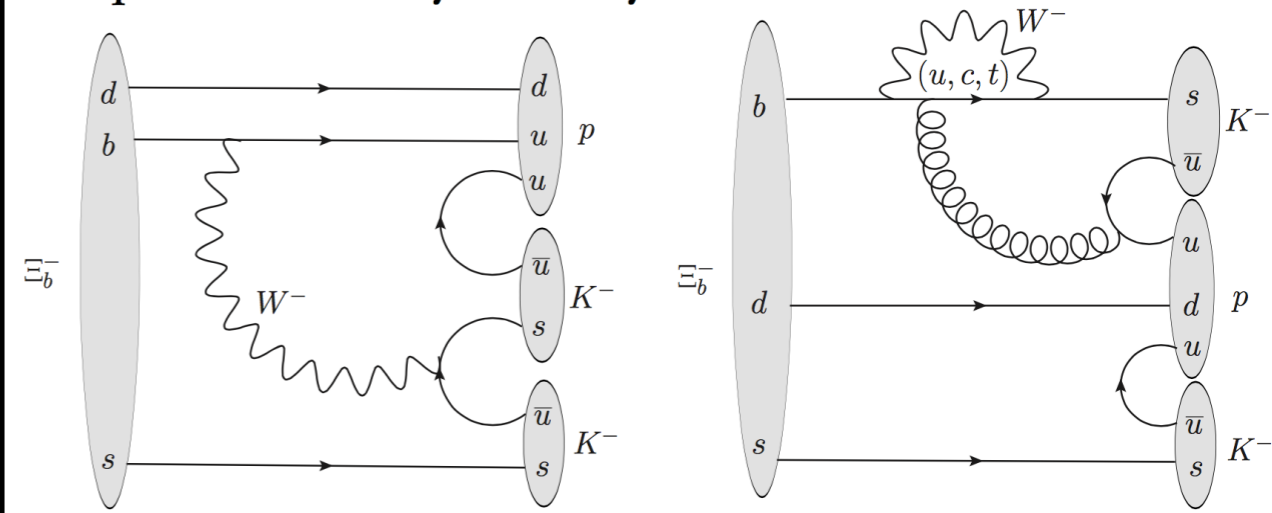
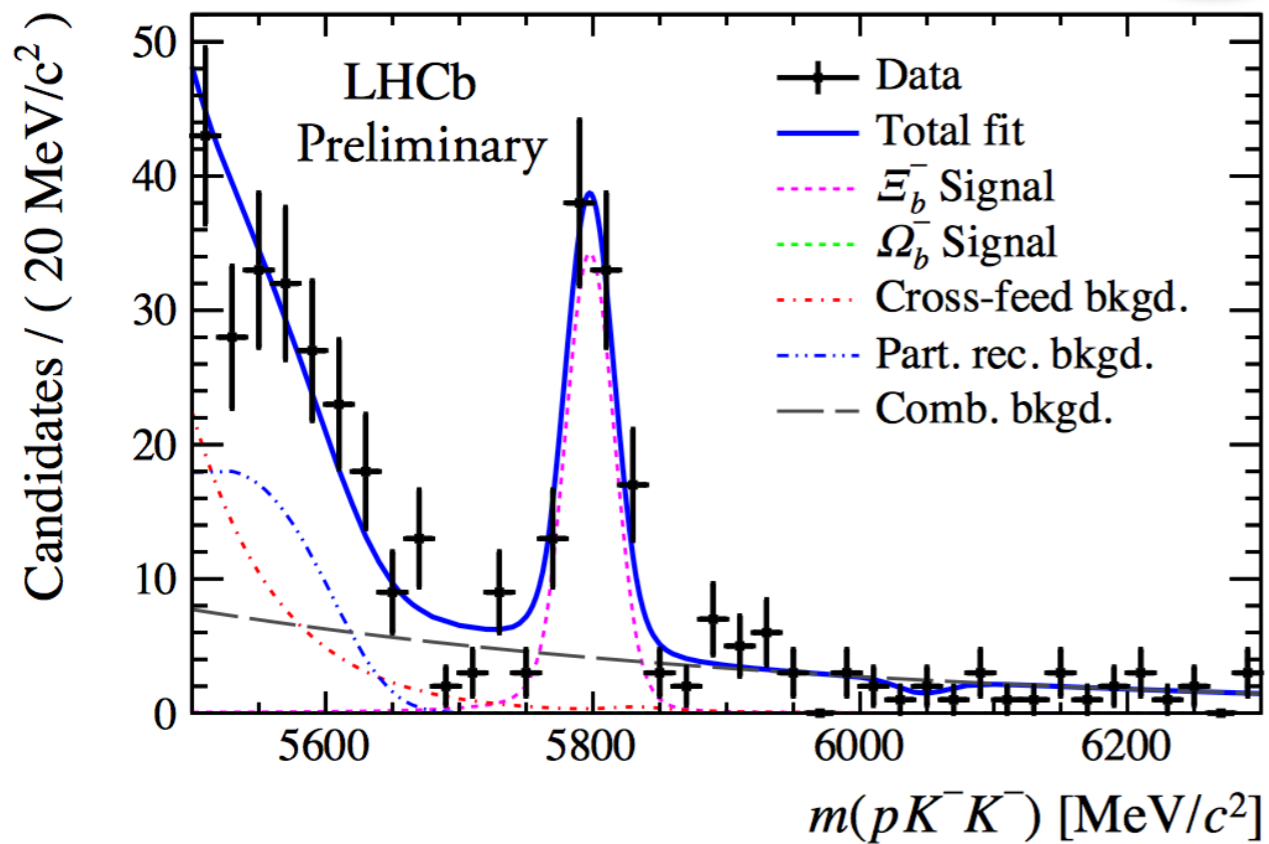


I keep six honest serving men (they taught me all I knew);
Their names are What and Why and When And How And
Where and Who.

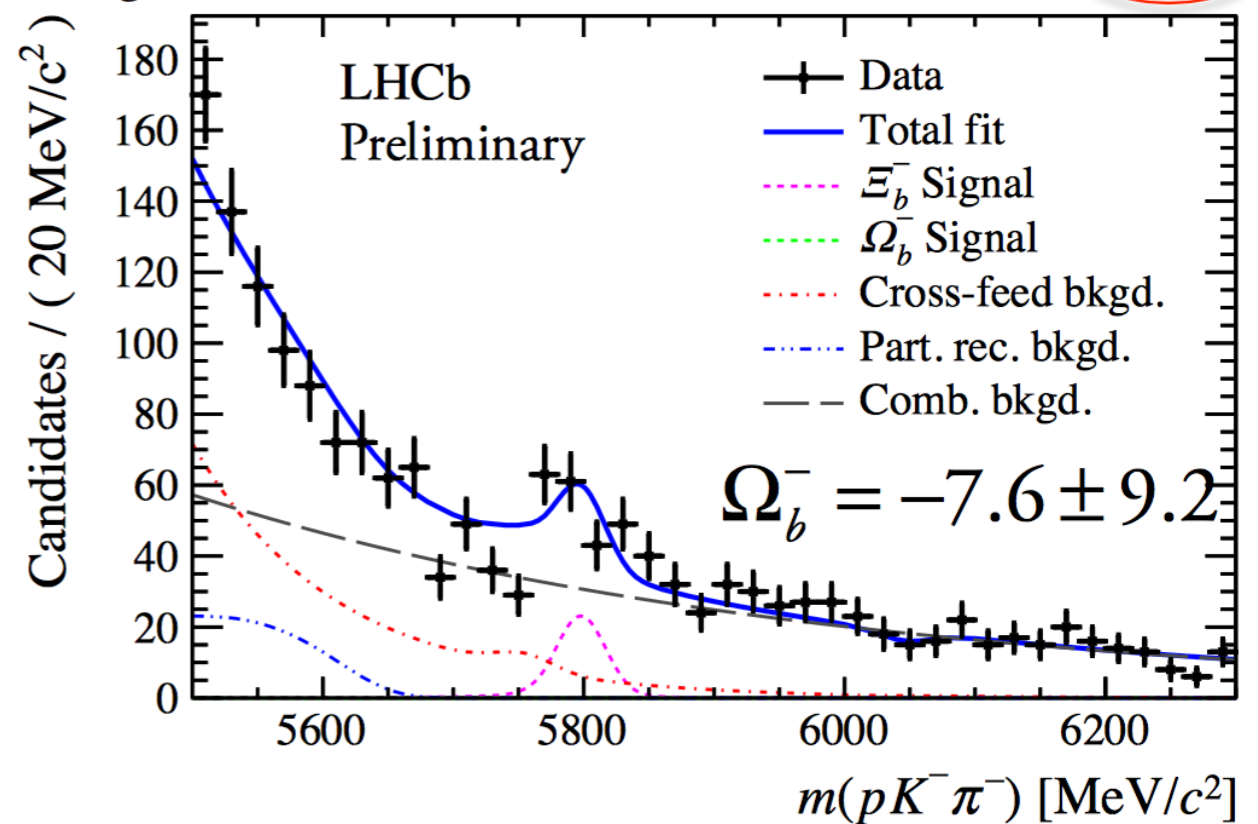
New modes and searches

$\Xi_b^- \rightarrow p K^- h^-$

$$N_{sig}(\Xi_b^- \rightarrow p K^- K^-) = 82.9 \pm 10.4, \mathbf{8.7\sigma}$$



$$N_{sig}(\Xi_b^- \rightarrow p K^- \pi^-) = 59.6 \pm 16.0, \mathbf{3.4\sigma}$$

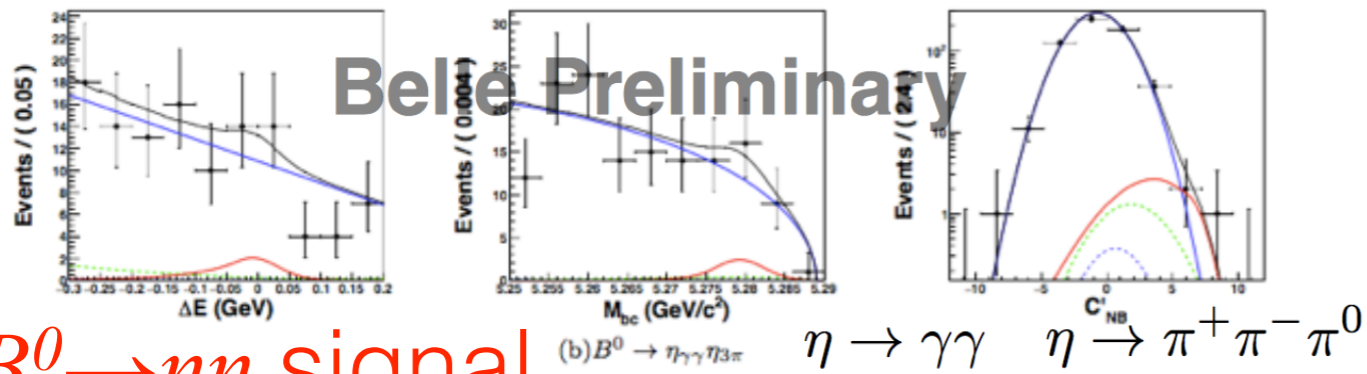
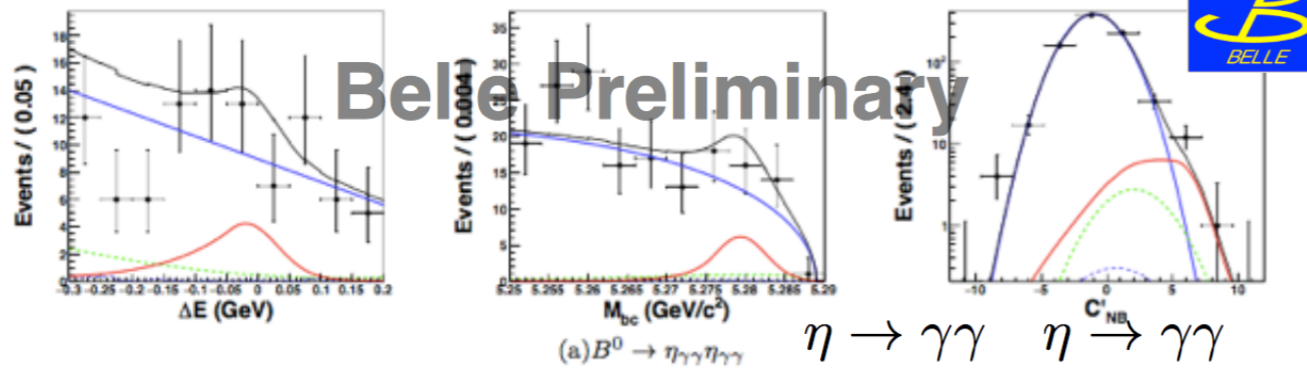


$$\frac{f_{\Xi_b^-} \mathcal{B}(\Xi_b^- \rightarrow p K^- K^-)}{f_u \mathcal{B}(B^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- K^-)} = (265 \pm 35 \pm 47) \times 10^{-5}$$

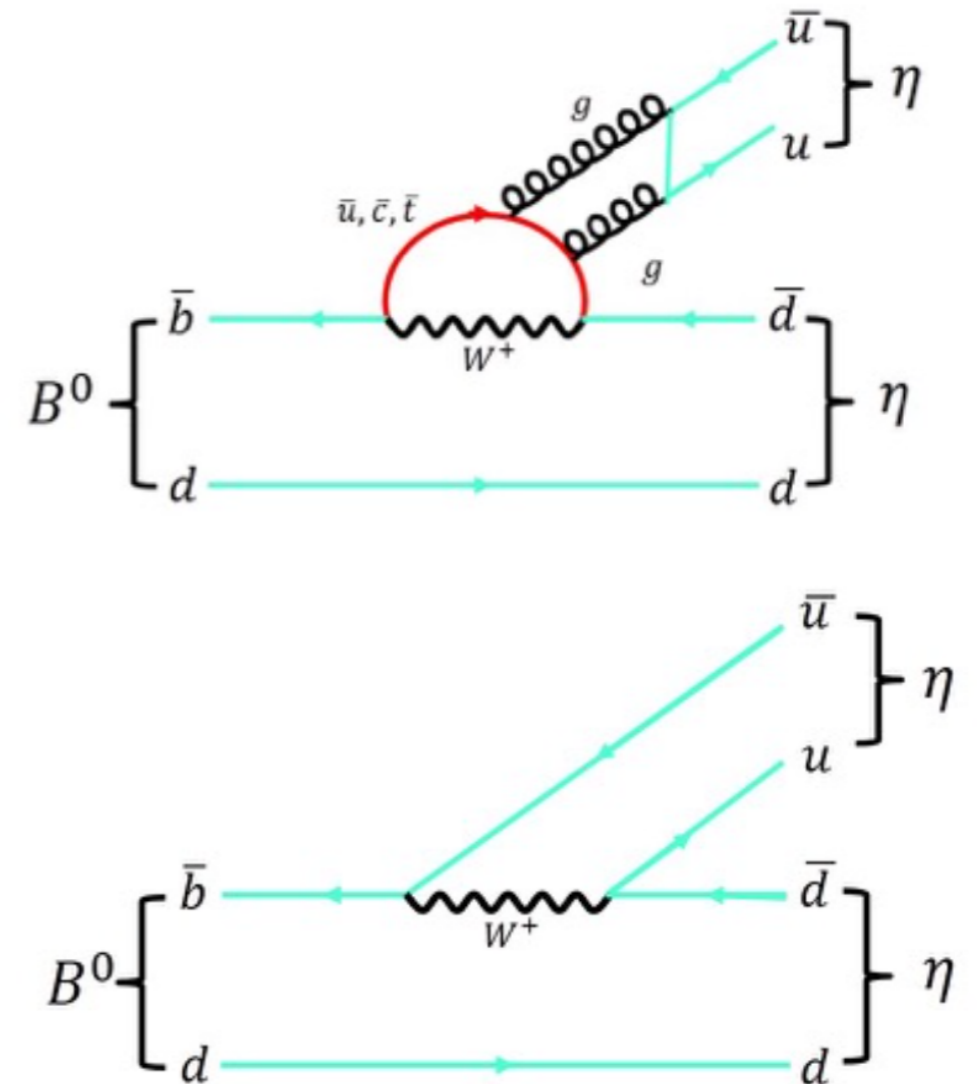
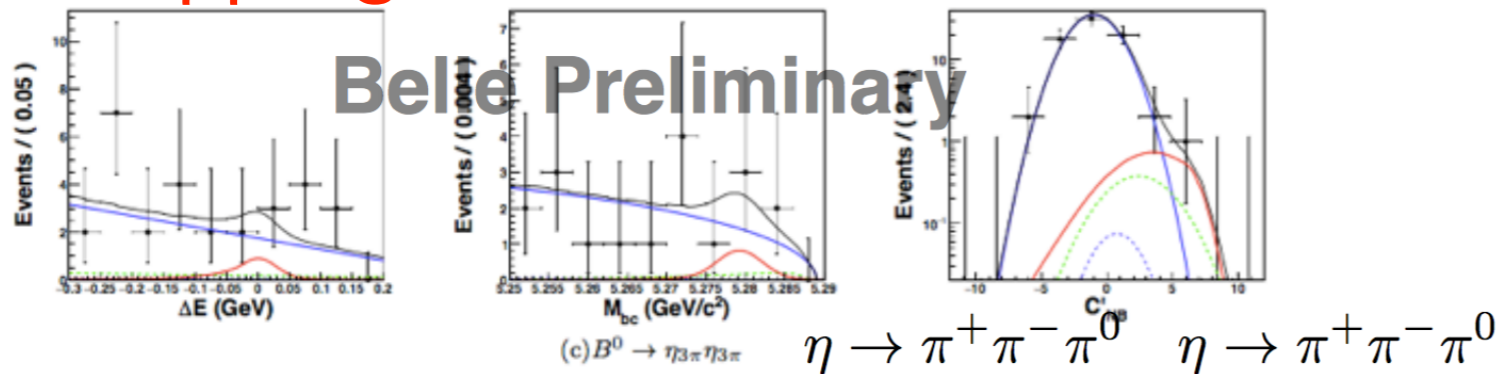
$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_b^- \rightarrow p K^- \pi^-)}{\mathcal{B}(\Xi_b^- \rightarrow p K^- K^-)} = 0.98 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.09$$

LHCb-PAPER-2016-050

$B^0 \rightarrow \eta\eta$



$B^0 \rightarrow \eta\eta$ signal



Sub-decay model	Yield
$\eta_{\gamma\gamma}\eta_{\gamma\gamma}$	$23.6^{+8.1}_{-6.9}$
$\eta_{\gamma\gamma}\eta_{3\pi}$	$9.2^{+3.2}_{-2.7}$
$\eta_{3\pi}\eta_{3\pi}$	$2.7^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$

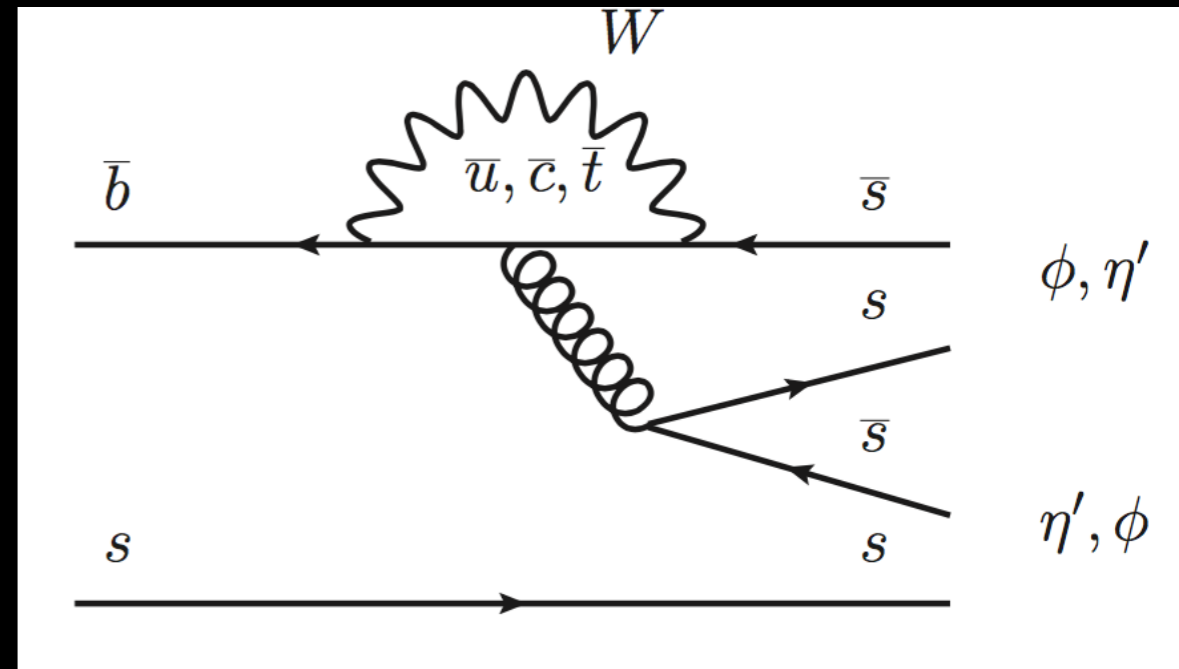
$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \eta\eta) = (7.6^{+2.7+1.4}_{-2.3-1.5}) \times 10^{-7} \text{ at } 3.3\sigma$$

arXiv:1609.03267



Chia-Ling Hsu

$B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi \eta'$



$B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi$

"Golden mode": large yield, but needs angular analysis

$$\phi_s = -0.17 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.03$$

[PRD 90 (2014) 052011]

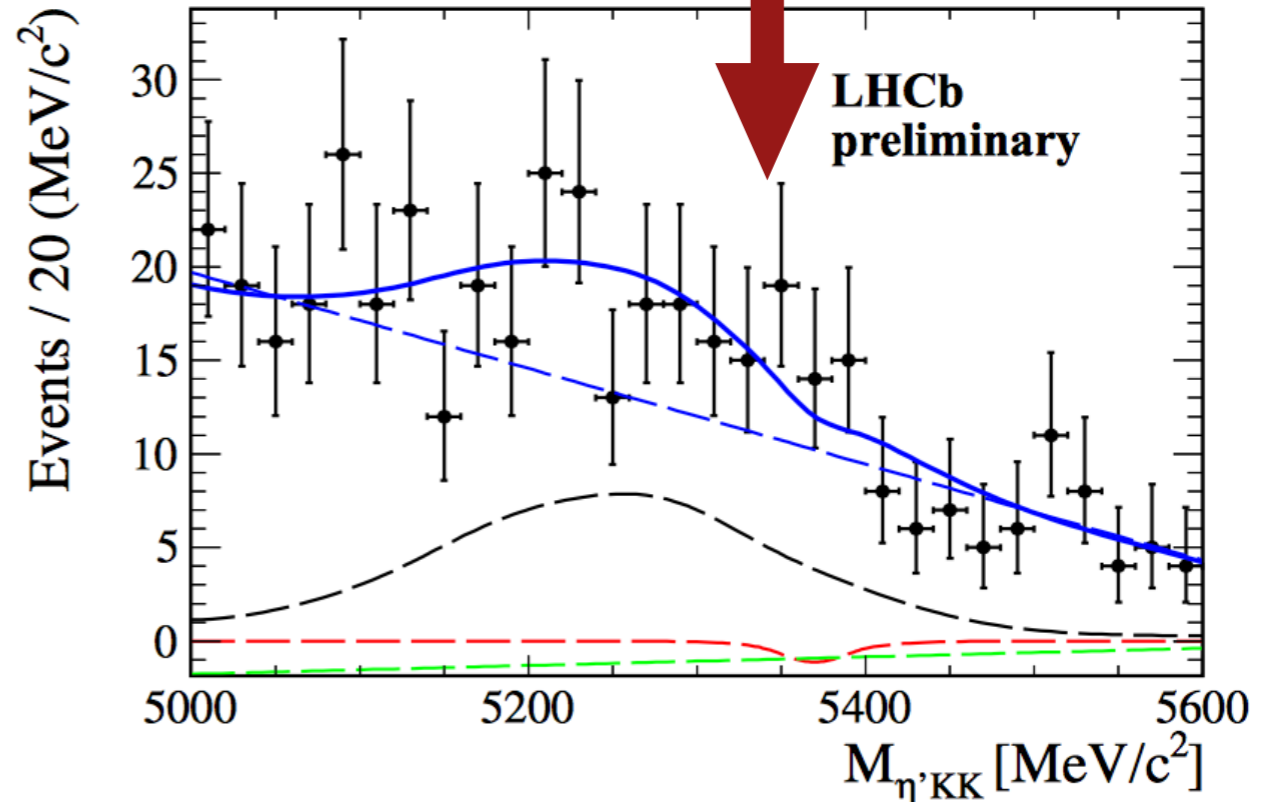
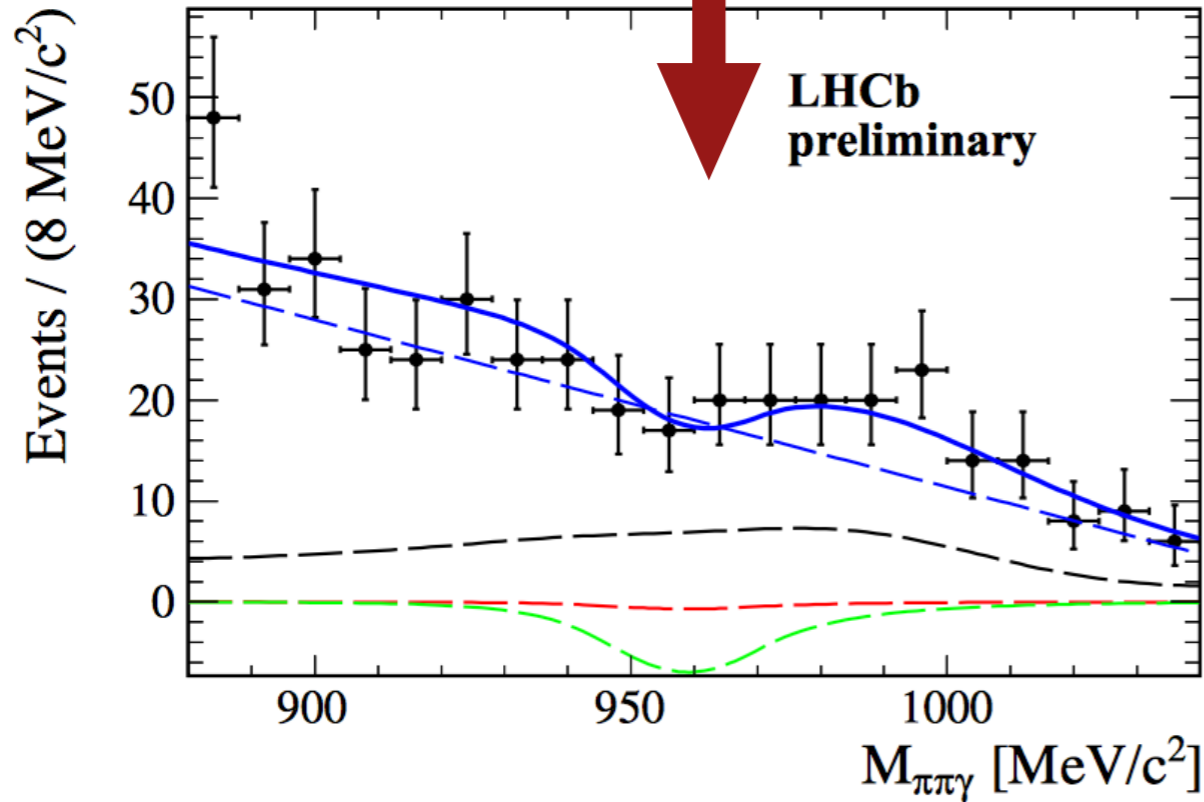
$B_s \rightarrow \eta'\eta'$

Pure CP eigenstate, large BF, but modest yield

$$N_{B_s \rightarrow \eta'\eta'} (\text{Run1}) = 36.4 \pm 7.8 \pm 1.6$$

$$B(B_s \rightarrow \eta'\eta') = (33.1 \pm 6.4 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-6}$$

[PRL 115 (2015) 051801]

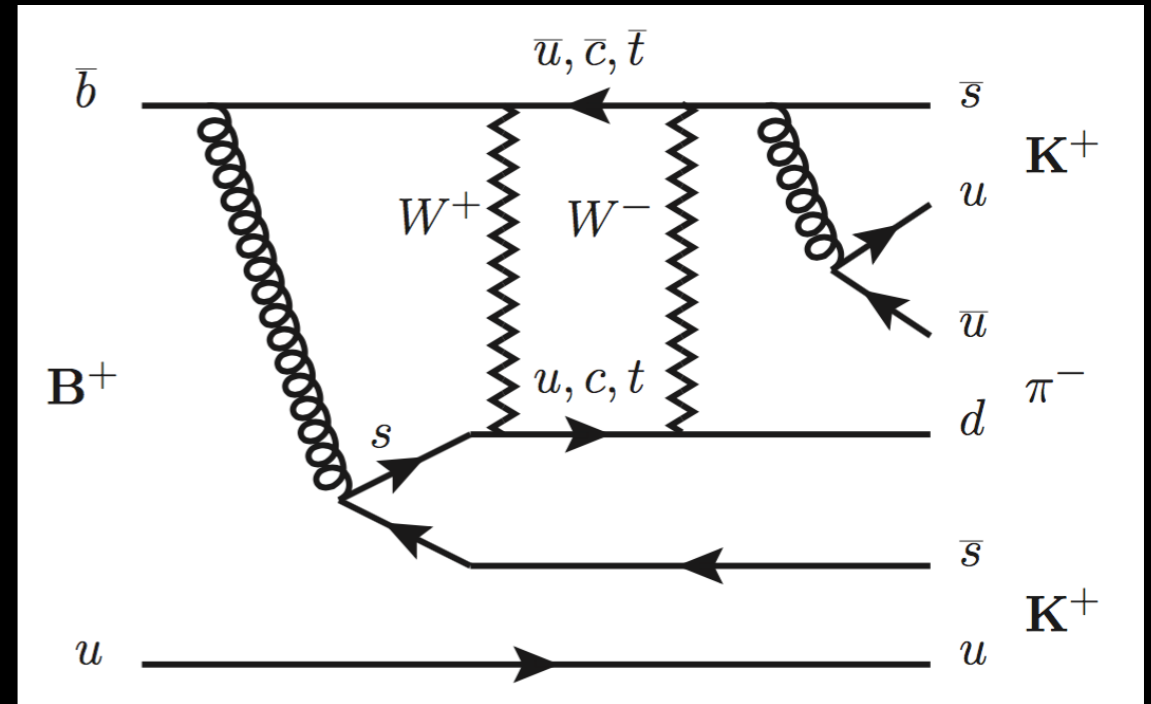
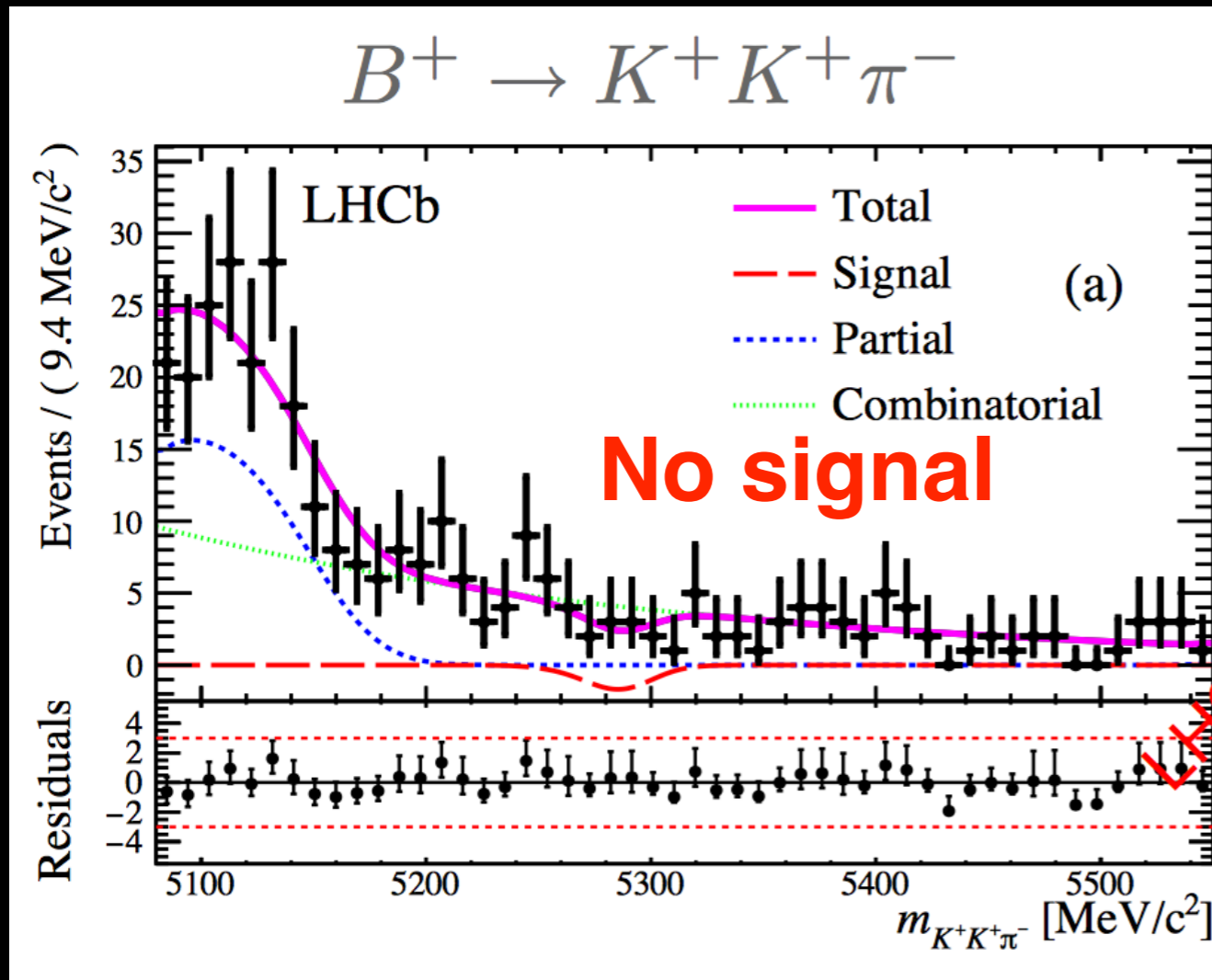


$BR(B_s \rightarrow \eta' \phi) < 0.82 (1.01) \times 10^{-6}$ at 90% (95%) CL

LHCb-PAPER-2016-060

Sebastiana Gianì

Search for $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \pi^-$



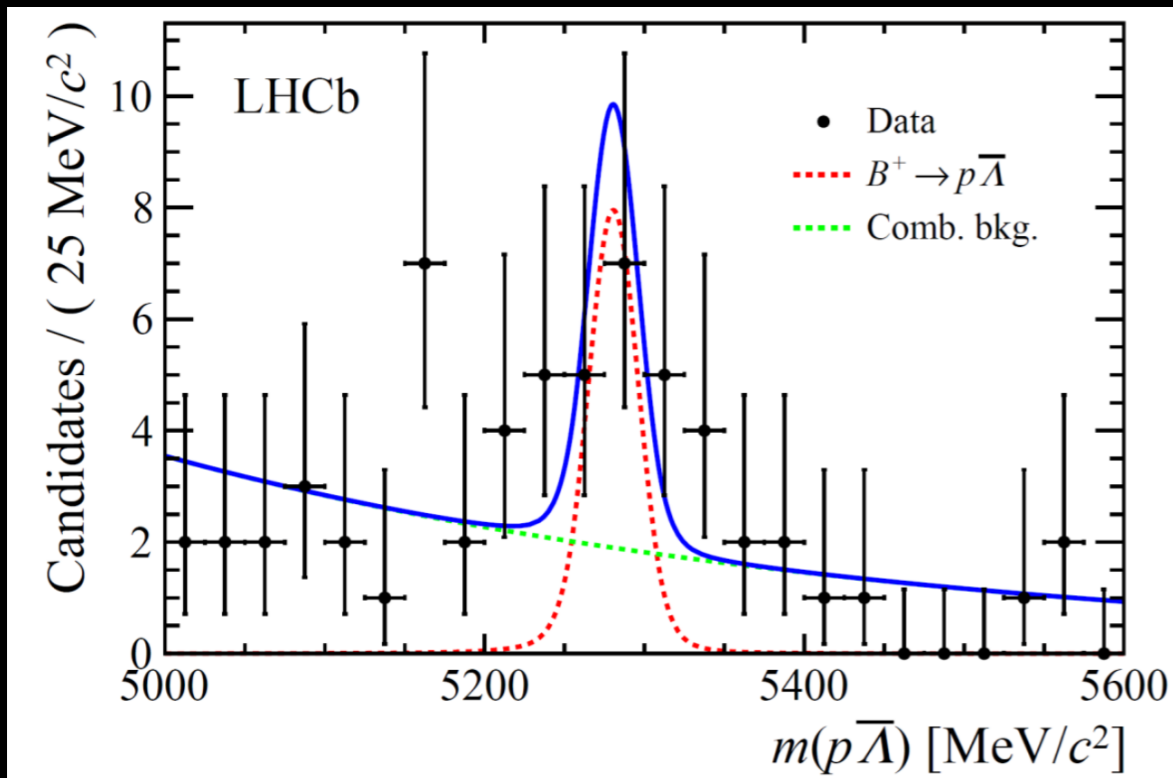
Branching fractions $\mathcal{O}(10^{-11})$ in the SM

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \pi^-) < 1.1 \times 10^{-8} (1.8 \times 10^{-8}) \text{ at } 90\% (95\%) \text{ CL}$$

LHCb-PAPER-2016-023

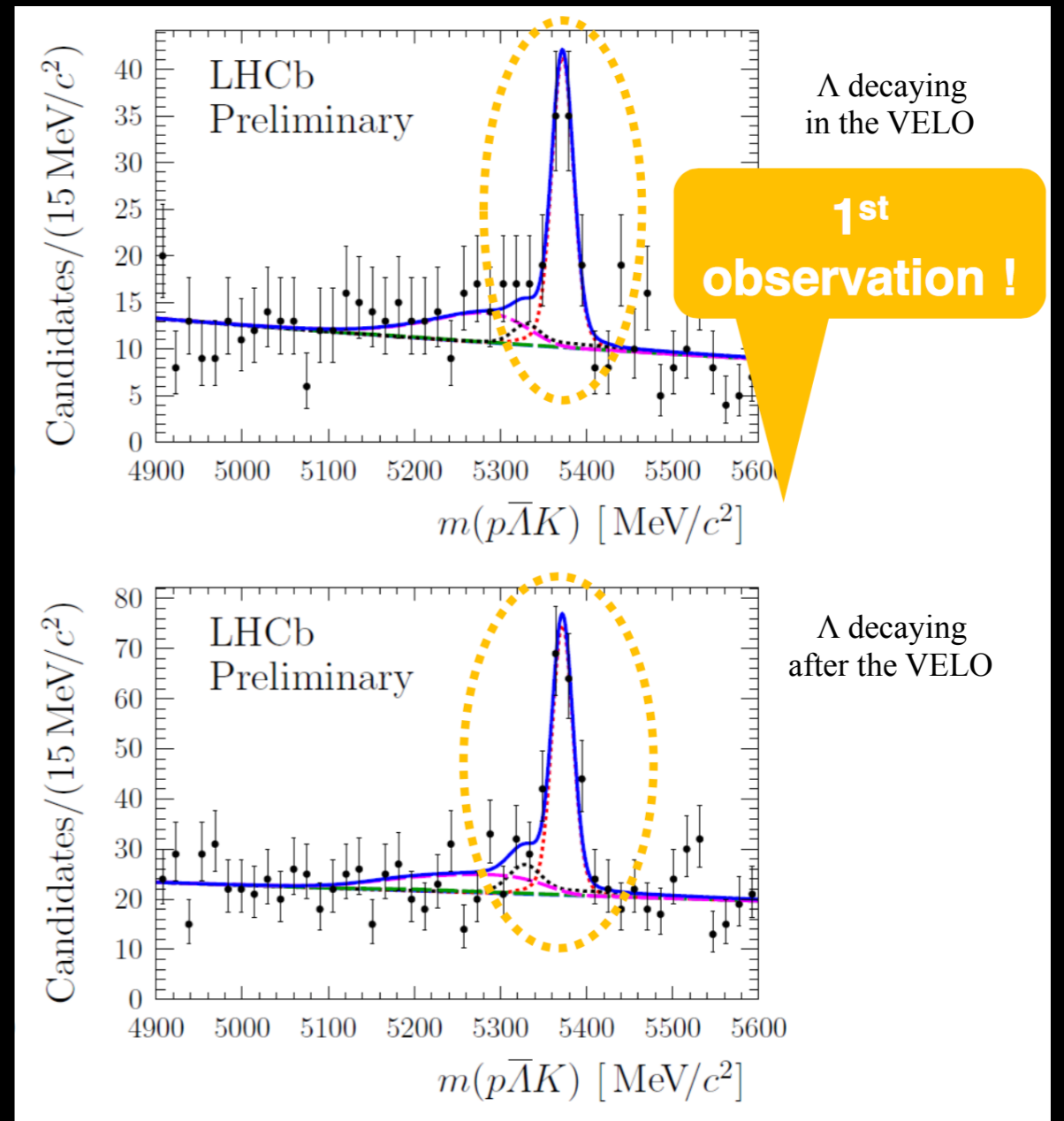
Jeremy Dalseno

$B^+ \rightarrow p\bar{\Lambda}$, $B_s^0 \rightarrow p\bar{\Lambda}K^-$



4.1 σ signal

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow p\bar{\Lambda}) = (2.4^{+1.0}_{-0.8} \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-7}$$



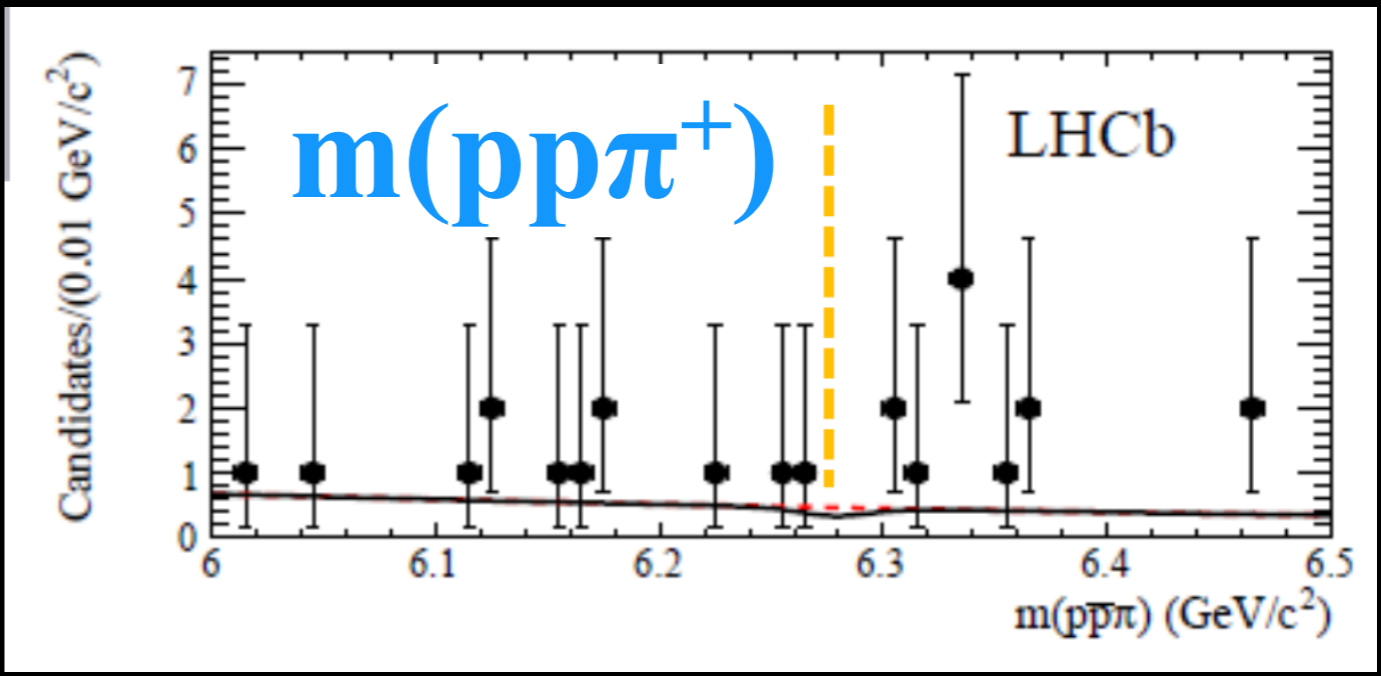
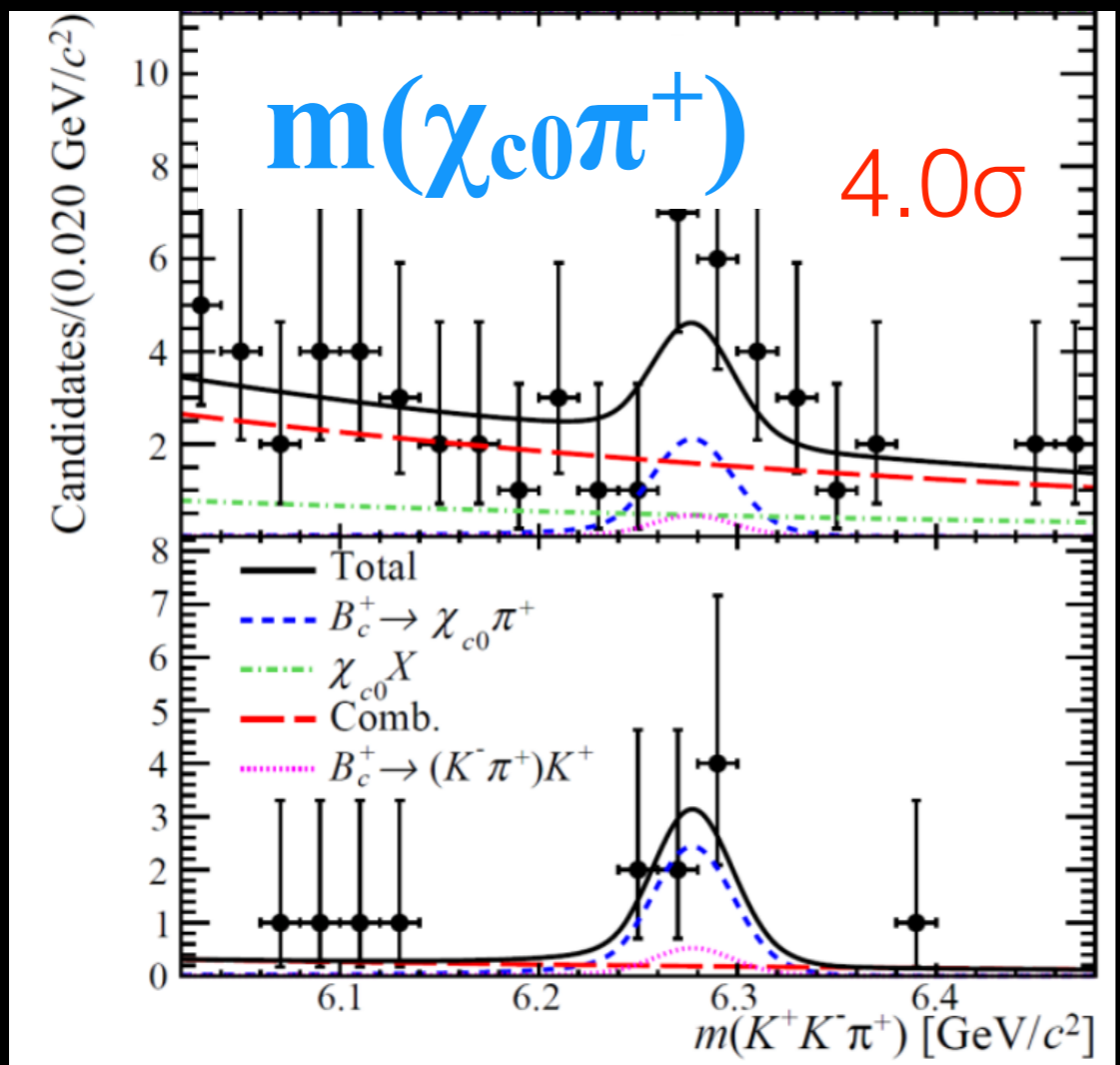
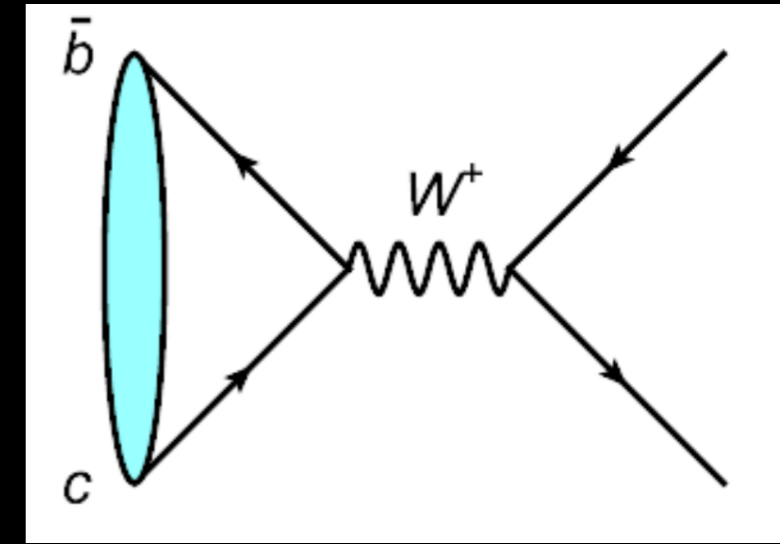
$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow p\bar{\Lambda}K^-) = [5.48^{+0.82}_{-0.80} (\text{stat}) \pm 0.60 (\text{syst}) \pm 0.51(\mathcal{B}) \pm 0.32(f_s/f_d)] \times 10^{-6}$$

LHCb-PAPER-2016-048



Eduardo Rodrigues

$B_c^+ \rightarrow \text{charmless}$



$$\frac{\sigma(B_c^+)}{\sigma(B^+)} \times \mathcal{B}(B_c^+ \rightarrow \chi_{c0} \pi^+) = (9.8_{-3.0}^{+3.4}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.8(\text{syst})) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\frac{f_c}{f_u} \times \mathcal{B}(B_c^+ \rightarrow p \bar{p} \pi^+) < 3.6 \times 10^{-8}$$

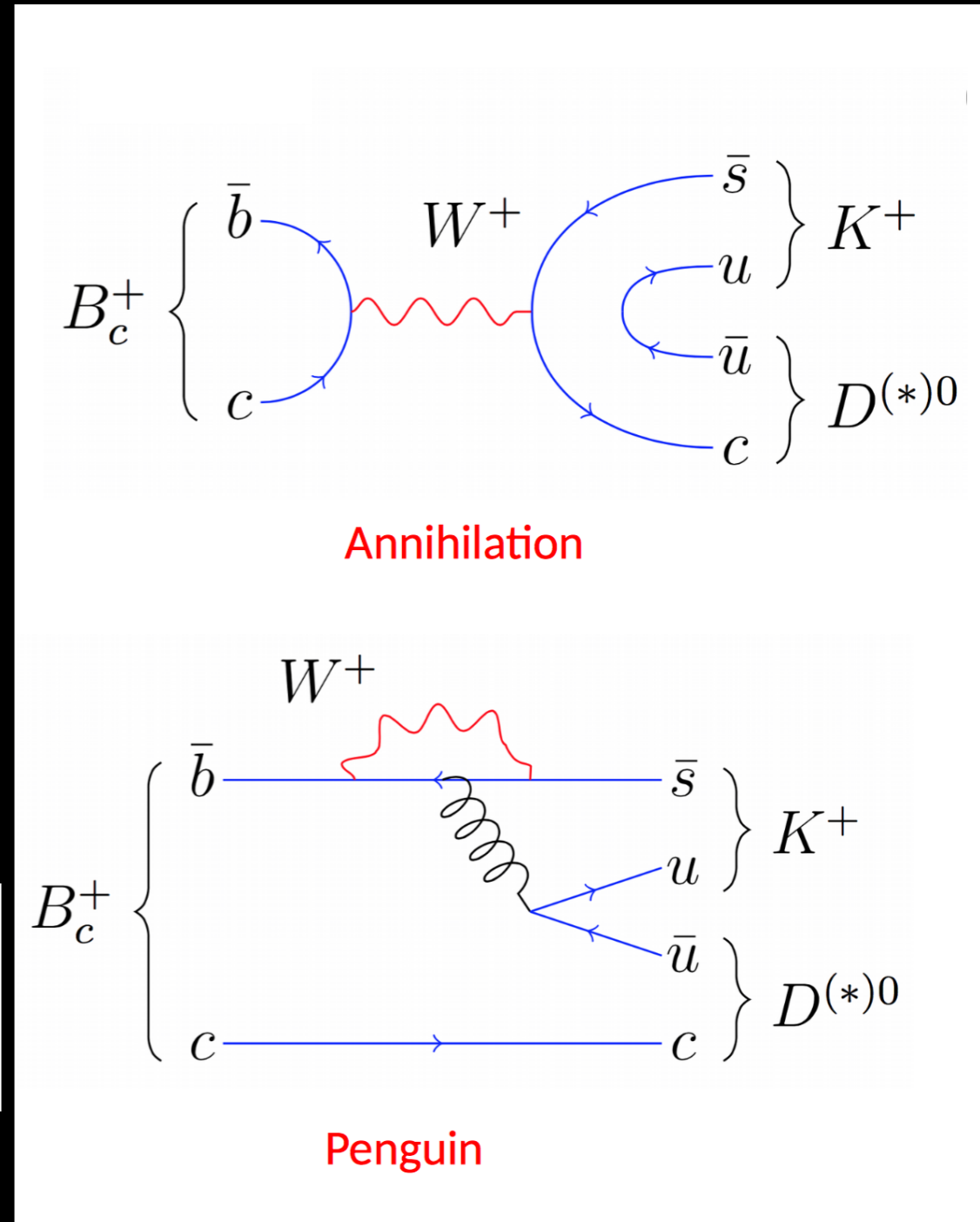
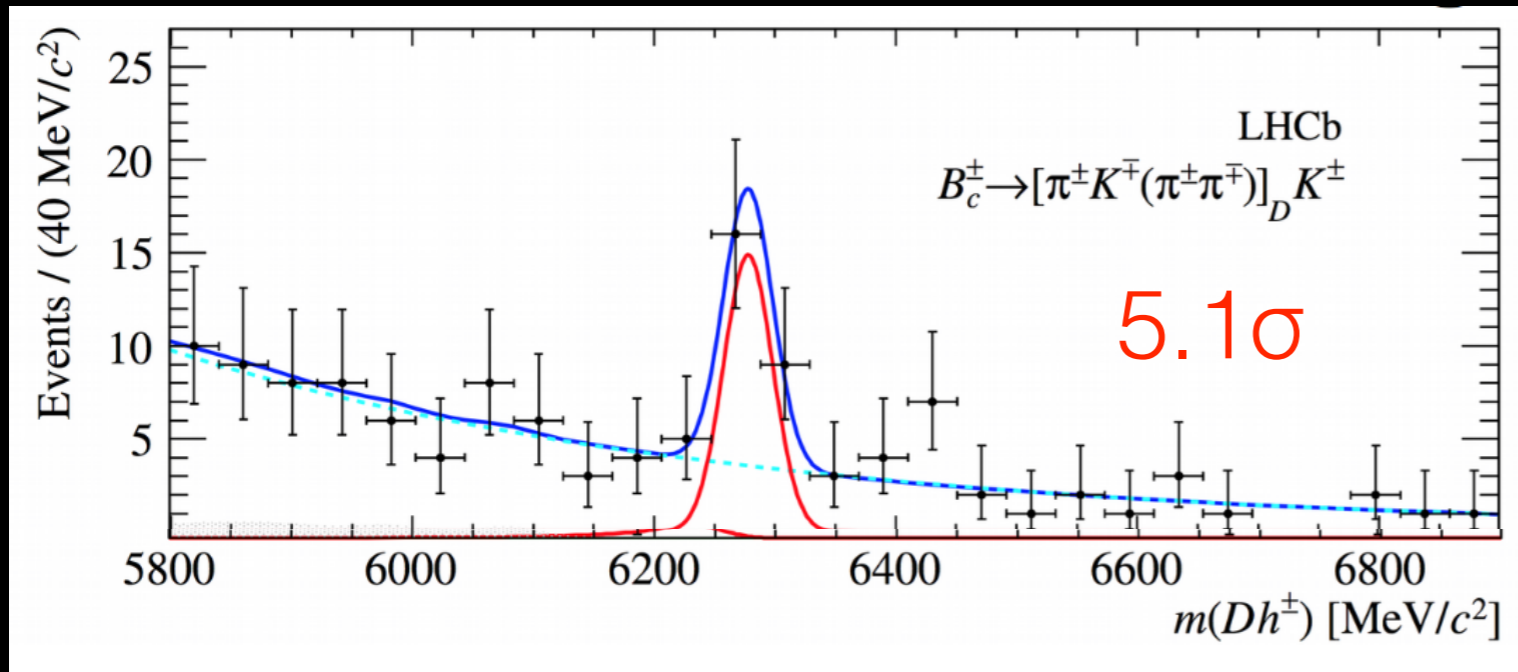
arXiv:1607.06134

PLB 759 (2016) 313-321



Eduardo Rodrigues

Observation of $B_c^+ \rightarrow D^0 K^+$



$$r_{B_c}^{DK} = (9.3_{-2.5}^{+2.8} \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-7} = \frac{f_c}{f_u} \times BR(B_c^+ \rightarrow D^{(*)0} h^+)$$

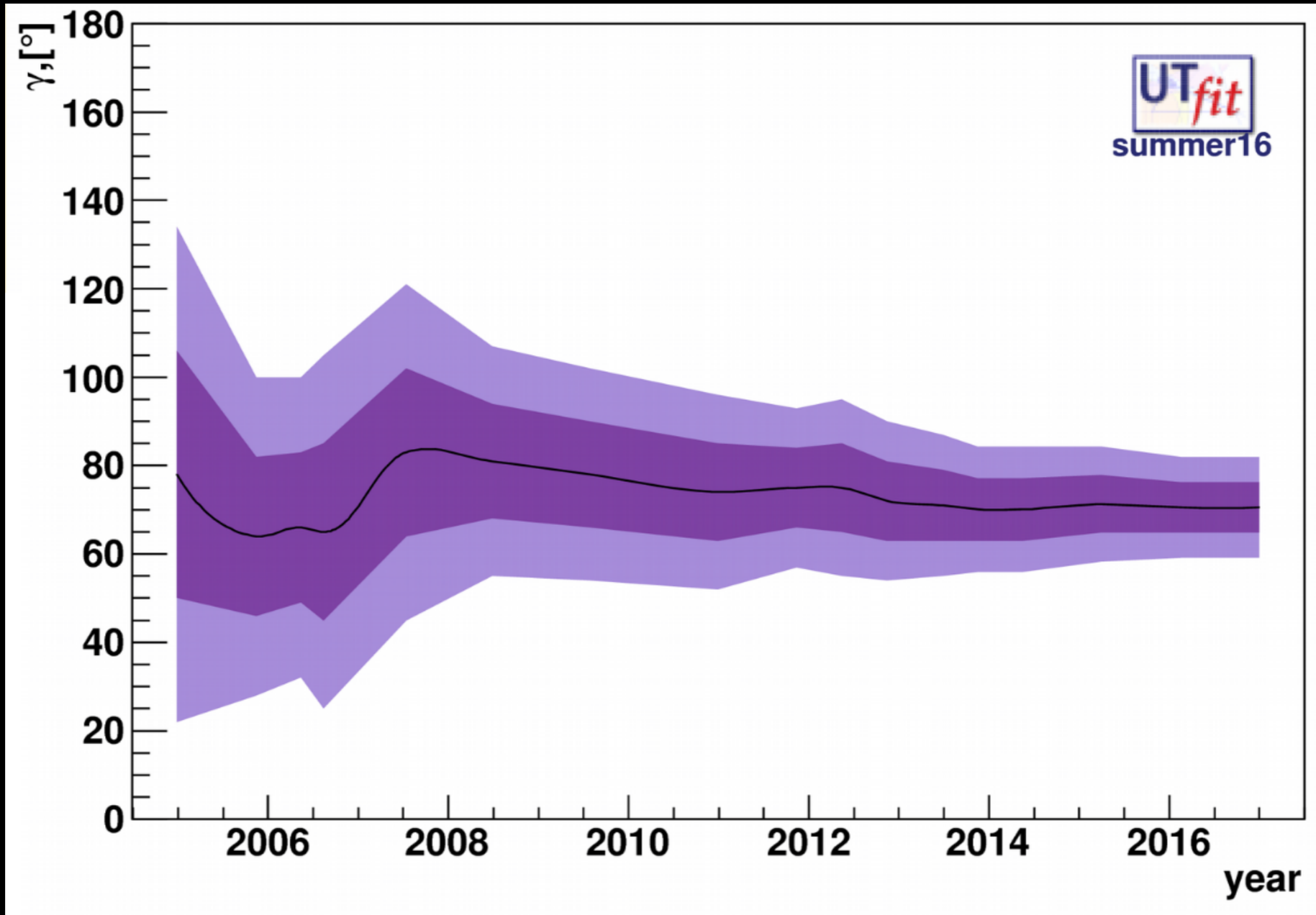
$$\frac{BR(B_c^+ \rightarrow D^0 K^+)}{BR(B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+)} = 0.13 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$$

LHCb-PAPER-2016-058

Frédéric Machefert



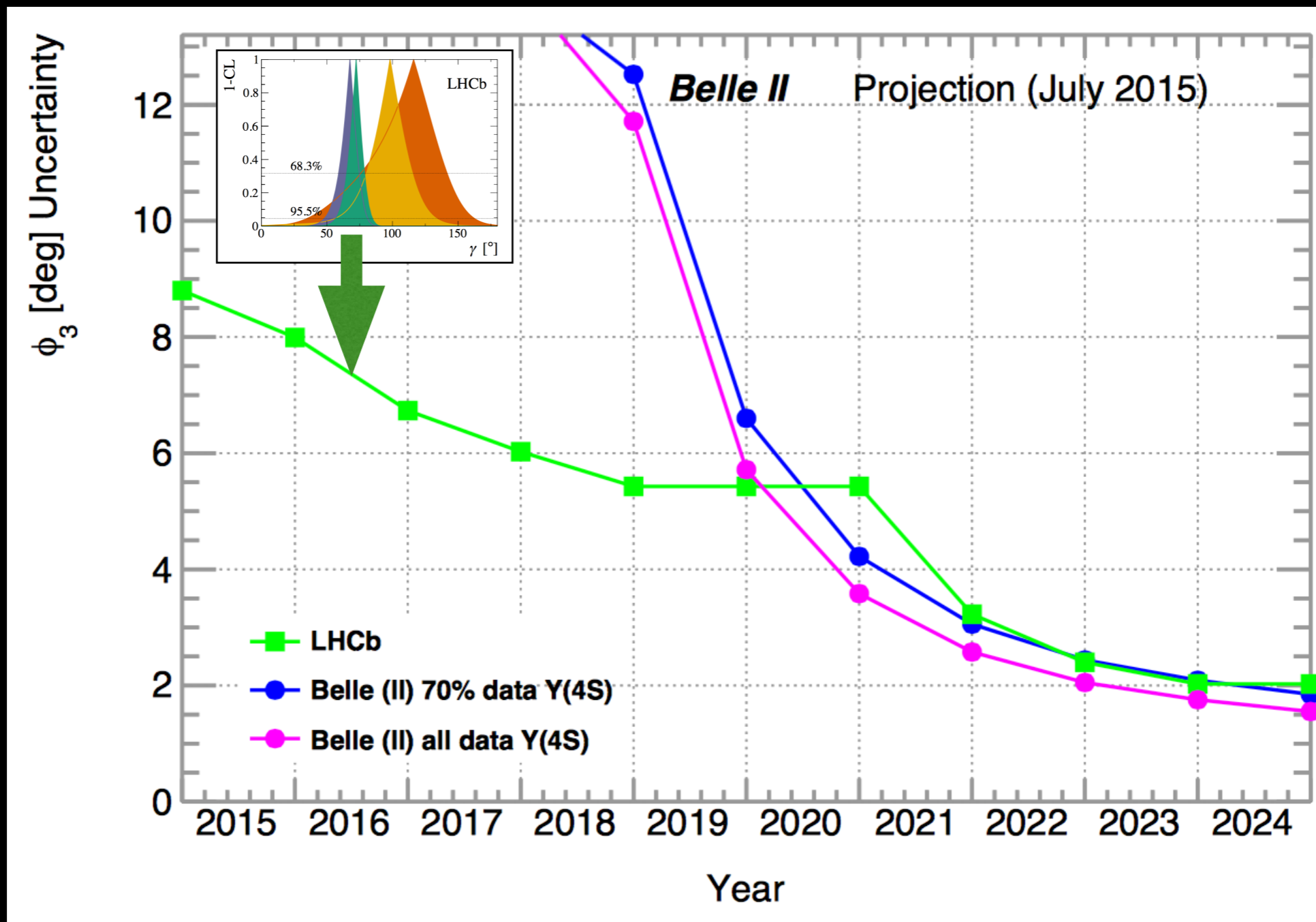
Prospects for 2020s



“After a decade of analyses and almost 50 papers published, the world average uncertainty has decreased by a factor 3”

Marcella Bona

γ/φ_3 projection



Daniel Červenkov
42

Towards a precise determination of $\gamma(\phi_3)$
[unfortunately painfully slow]

Amarjit Soni

HET, BNL

CKM -2014 (WG5); Vienna

Thanks : TIM Genshon, Matteo Renna



I consider it a challenge before the whole human race
And I need to go on, and on, and on, and on
We are the champions, my friends

End